

#### **Section 1 - Product and Company Identification**

Material Name Fibered Aluminum Roof Coating **Chemical Category** • Mixture **Product Code** • AL-8055 Product Description • Asphalt Based Aluminium Reflective Roof Coating. Product Use Fibered Aluminum Roof Coating Distributor • TRI-BUILT Roofing Products 15 East Union Avenue PO Box 511 East Rutherford, NJ 07073 See Website for Customer Service Contact Telephone Technical • 813-248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time Emergency • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC Emergency • 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US) Preparation Date • 12/1/2011

Last Revision Date • 2/26/2013

**Section 2 - Hazards Identification** 

### **Emergency Overview**

### CAUTION

Combustible liquid. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes eye irritation.

- PreventionDo not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid<br/>breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and/or spray. Keep away from flames and hot<br/>surfaces. No smoking. Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye/face protection.
- **Response** IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- *Storage/Disposal* Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.



CAUTION! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID. Central nervous system depressant. Vapor may cause light-headedness, headache, nausea, loss of coordination and respiratory tract irritation. May cause skin irritation.

Color	Black
Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Flash Point	<ul> <li>105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)</li> </ul>
UEL	• 6%
LEL	• 0.9 %
OSHA	Combustible Liquid, Irritant, Carcinogen
WHMIS	<ul> <li>Combustible Liquids - B3, Other Toxic Effects - D2A, Other Toxic Effects - D2B</li> </ul>
	R65, R25, R36/37/38, R45
GHS	<ul> <li>Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A</li> </ul>
NFPA: Fire Instability 2 0 Health Speci Potential Health	
Inhalation:	
Acute	<ul> <li>May cause irritation. Excessive breathing of high vapor concentration can cause possible</li> </ul>
(Immediate)	unconsciousness and even asphyxiation.
Chronic (Delayed)	<ul> <li>Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.</li> </ul>
Skin:	
Acute (Immediate)	May cause irritation.
Chronic (Delayed)	<ul> <li>Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful. Repeated and prolonged exposure to the skin may cause dermatitis.</li> </ul>
Eye:	
Acute (Immediate)	<ul> <li>May cause irritation. Likely to cause eye irritation, burning, tearing, etc. on contact with the eyes. If swelling and irritation persist, seek medical attention.</li> </ul>
Chronic (Delayed)	Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Ingestion:	
Acute (Immedia	ate) • May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.
Chronic (Delay	ed)  • Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

Carcinogenic Effects						
	CAS	IARC	NTP			
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration			

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components							
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive			
Mineral Spirits	CAS:8052-41-3 EC Number:232-489-3	35% TO 45%					
Asphalt         CAS:8052-42-4 UN:NA1999		30% TO 40%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50	OSHA HCS 1994: Carc.; Irrit. WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit.			

			• >94.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2A; Skin Irrit. 2
Aluminum	CAS:7429-90-5 EC Number:231-072-3 EINECS:231-072-3	5% TO 15%		OSHA HCS 1994: Irrit.; Pyr.; Water React. UN GHS: Pyr. Sol. 1; Water- react. 2
Perlite CAS:130885-09-5		5% TO 10%		WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2
Cellulose	CAS:9004-34-6 EINECS:232-674-9	1% TO 5%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >5800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Hour(s)	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS:64742-95-6 EINECS:265-199-0	1% TO 2.5%		UN GHS: Asp. Tox. 1; Carc. 1B
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	CAS:108-67-8 EC Number:203-604-4	0.5% TO 1.5%		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CAS:95-63-6 EINECS:202-436-9	0.5% TO 1%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5 g/kg	WHMIS: Comb. Liq B3

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.					
Section 4 -	First Aid Measures				
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Move victim to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.</li> </ul>				
Skin	<ul> <li>Immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> </ul>				
Eye	<ul> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.</li> </ul>				
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Call a physician poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>				
Notes to Physician	<ul> <li>Aspiration of liquid into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting can cause lung inflammation, serious lung damage and even death from chemical pneumonitis.</li> </ul>				

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Section		гпе	<b>FIGHTING</b>	wieasures
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Extinguishing Media		LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam. SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.			
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	٠	Do not use direct stream of water.			
Firefighting Procedures		Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of release.			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	•	Combustible liquid. Containers may explode when heated. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.			
Hazardous Combustion Products	•	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.			
Protection of Firefighters	•	Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.			
Flash Point	•	105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)			
Explosion Limits:					
Upper	•	6 %			
Lower	•	0.9 %			

### **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Precautions	<ul> <li>Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind. Ventilate the area before entry.</li> </ul>
Emergency Procedures	<ul> <li>ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up.</li> </ul>
Environmental Precautions	<ul> <li>Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do NOT wash away into sewer.</li> </ul>
Containment/Clean-up Measures	<ul> <li>Contain and recover liquid when possible. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Do not use water to flush spill area. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)</li> </ul>
Prohibited Materials	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.</li> </ul>

### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling	<ul> <li>KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat and ignition sources.</li> <li>Keep away from fire - No Smoking. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.</li> </ul>
Special Packaging Materials	No data available
Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.</li> </ul>

### Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Pictograms** 



**Respiratory** • In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respiratory protection suitable for the hazard.

- Eye/Face Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.
- Hands • Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.
- **Skin/Body** Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.
- Considerations
- General Industrial Hygiene Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid breathing vapors.
- Engineering
- **Measures/Controls**
- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	Canada Ontario	Mexico	NIOSH	OSHA	United States - California
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA	Not established	Not established
Benzene, 1,3,5- trimethyl	TWAs	Not established	Not established	25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA	Not established	Not established

(108-67-8)						
Cellulose (9004-34-6)	TWAs	10 mg/m3 TWA	10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT		15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated); 10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated)
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWAs	1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT (dust)	10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction)
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs		5 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT	Not established	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)
Mineral Spirits (8052-41-3)			100 ppm TWA LMPE-PPT; 523 mg/m3 TWA LMPE- PPT	350 mg/m3 TWA	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 PEL

### **Exposure Control Notations**

#### ACGIH

•Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free))

•Aluminum (7429-90-5): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)

•Aluminum as Aluminum insoluble compounds: Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)

Section 9 - Physical	l and Chemical Properties		
Material Description			
Physical Form:	Liquid	Appearance/Description:	Thick black semi-liquid.
Color:	Black	Odor:	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Odor Threshold:	No data available	Physical and Chemical Properties:	Liquid
General Properties			
Boiling Point	300 to 390 °F(148.8889 to 198.8889 C)	Melting Point	No data available
рН	No data available	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	0.98 Water=1
Density	8.2 lbs/gal	Bulk Density	No data available
Water Solubility	No data available	Solvent Solubility	No data available
/iscosity 270 Centipoise (cPs, cP) or mPas @ 140 F(60 C)			
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)	Vapor Density	4.9 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	< 1 Ether = 1	VOC (Vol.)	< 500 g/L
Flammability			
Flash Point	105 °F(40.5 °C) CC (Closed Cup)	UEL	6 %
LEL	0.9 %	Autoignition	No data available

### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
- **Hazardous Polymerization**
- Hazardous polymerization not indicated.
- **Conditions to Avoid**
- Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.
- Incompatible Materials
- Strong oxidizers and acids.
- Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

### **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Component Name	CAS	Data
Cellulose (1% TO 5%)		Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>5800 mg/m3/4H
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (1% TO 2.5%)	64742-95-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:8400 mg/kg
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl (0.5% TO 1.5%)	108-67-8	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5000 mg/kg; ihl-hmn TCLo:10 ppm
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (0.5% TO 1%)		Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H

#### Other Information

 This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes.

This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

### **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Ecological Fate	<ul> <li>No data available</li> </ul>
Persistence/Degradability	No data available.
<b>Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	No data available.
Mobility in Soil	<ul> <li>No data available</li> </ul>

### **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Product • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

### **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

**DOT:** Not restricted if shipped in containers <450L (119 gallons) Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons)

**TDG** - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III 1.33 Class 3, Flammable Liquids: Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging.

IMO/IMDG -International Maritime Transport: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transportation Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

### Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard	<ul> <li>Acute, Chronic</li> </ul>
Classifications	

**Risk & Safety** Phrases

 California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. Bituminous Fumes are PROP 65 listed. Asphalt is considered a bituminous material but would need to be heated in excess of 500°F to release fumes necessary for exposure. Normal use of this product does not require heating and the material is not recommended for heating by the manufacture.

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS		MA		NJ	PA
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3		Yes	Yes		Yes
Asphalt	8052-42-4		Yes	Yes		Yes
Aluminum	7429-90-5		Yes	Yes		Yes
Perlite	130885-09-5		No	No		No
Cellulose	9004-34-6		Yes	Yes		Yes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6		No	No		No
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8		Yes	No		No
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6		Yes	Yes		Yes
	*		Inventory			
Component	CAS		EU EINECS			TSCA
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes			Yes	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes			Yes	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes			Yes	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes			Yes	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Yes			Yes	
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes			Yes	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes			Yes	

### Canada

#### Labor

#### Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

•Cellulose	9004-34-6	1% TO 5%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (including microcrystalline and paper fibers)
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	30% TO 40%	Not Listed
•Aluminum	7429-90-5	5% TO 15%	B6 (powder); Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
<ul> <li>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</li> </ul>	95-63-6	0.5% TO 1%	B3
•Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1% TO 2.5%	B3, D2B
•Perlite	130885-09-5	5% TO 10%	D2A (ore, containing >0.1% Crystalline silica); Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (ore)
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	35% TO 45%	B3, D2B
•Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1.5%	B3

### **United States**

#### Environment

U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - E	mission Rep	orting	
•Cellulose	9004-34-6	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	30% TO 40%	Not Listed
•Aluminum	7429-90-5	5% TO 15%	1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)
<ul> <li>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</li> </ul>	95-63-6	0.5% TO 1%	1.0 % de minimis concentration
<ul> <li>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic</li> </ul>	64742-95-6	1% TO 2.5%	Not Listed
•Perlite	130885-09-5	5% TO 10%	Not Listed
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	35% TO 45%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl</li> </ul>	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1.5%	Not Listed

Prepared By	• GG Inc.
Preparation Date	• 12/1/2011
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# Section 16 - Other Information