

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name	- Premium Fibered Aluminum Roof Coating
Chemical Category	- Mixture
Product Code	- AP-2125
Product Description	- Asphalt Based Aluminum Reflective Roof Coating.
Product Use	- Roof Coating.
Synonyms	- Fibered Aluminum Roof Coating
Manufacturer	- Gardner-Gibson 4161 E. 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States
Telephone	
Technical	- 813-248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time
Emergency	- 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC
Emergency	- 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US)

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

Signal Word: **WARNING!**

- **Flammable liquid and vapor** (Category 3)
- **Causes Skin Irritation** (Category 2)
- **Causes Serious Eye Irritation** (Category 2A)
- **Specific target organ toxicity** (single exposure) – (Category 3)
- **Suspected to cause cancer** (Category 2)
- **Harmful if swallowed** (Category 4)

Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF exposed or if you feel unwell: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Storage/Disposal	Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep Cool. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.



Physical Form	- Liquid
Color	- Black
Odor	- Mild Hydrocarbon.
Flash Point	- 105°F
OSHA(HCS2012)	- Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye

Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – (Category 3), Acute Toxicity (oral) – Category 4
 - Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion/Oral

Route Of Entry

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

- Acute (Immediate)** - May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Chronic (Delayed)** - Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.

Skin

- Acute (Immediate)** - May cause irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** - Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful. Repeated and prolonged exposure to the skin may cause dermatitis.

Eye

- Acute (Immediate)** - Causes serious eye irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)** - Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)** - Harmful if swallowed.
- Chronic (Delayed)** - Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

Carcinogenic Effects

	CAS	IARC	NTP
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Other
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	35% TO 45%	232-489-3		UN GHS:	NDA
Asphalt	8052-42-4	30% TO 40%	NA1999, 232-490-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 · >94.4 mg/m ³	UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2	NDA
Aluminum	7429-90-5	10% TO 20%	231-072-3		Water React. UN GHS: Pyr. Sol. 1; Water-react. 2	NDA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1% TO 5%	202-436-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 5 g/kg		NDA
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	1% TO 5%	UN2325, 203-604-4			NDA
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1% TO 5%	265-199-0	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · 8400 mg/kg	UN GHS: Asp. Tox. 1; Carc. 1B Carc.Cat.2; R45	NDA
Perlite	130885-09-5	1% TO 5%			UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 (Dry)	NDA
Cellulose	9004-34-6	1% TO 5%	232-674-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5 g/kg. Inhalation-Rat LC50 · >5800 mg/m ³ 4 Hour(s)	UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2	NDA

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

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|---------------------------|---|
| Inhalation | - Move victim to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. |
| Skin | - Immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye | - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Ingestion | - If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| Notes to Physician | - Aspiration of liquid into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting can cause lung inflammation, serious lung damage and even death from chemical pneumonitis. |

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

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|---|--|
| Extinguishing Media | - LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam.
SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray or regular foam. |
| Unsuitable Extinguishing Media | - Do not use direct water stream as it may splatter the burning product. |
| Firefighting Procedures | - Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of release. |
| Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards | - Combustible liquid. Containers may explode when heated. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors. |
| Hazardous Combustion Products | - Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons. |
| Protection of Firefighters | - Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. |
| Flash Point | - 105 °F(40.56°C) CC (Closed Cup) |
| Explosion Limits | |
| Upper | - 6 % |
| Lower | - 0.9 % |

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Personal Precautions | - Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing Stay upwind Ventilate the area before entry |
| Emergency Procedures | - ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up |

- Environmental Precautions** - Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas Do NOT wash away into sewer
- Containment/Clean-up Measures** - Contain and recover liquid when possible. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Do not use water to flush spill area. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Prohibited Materials** - Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

- Handling** - KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Keep away from fire - No Smoking. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
- Storage** - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.
- Special Packaging Materials** - No data available
- Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources** - Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respiratory protection suitable for the hazard.

Eye/Face

- Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Hands

- Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.

Skin/Body

- Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

General Industrial Hygiene

- Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid breathing vapors.

Considerations

Engineering Measures/Controls

- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

	Result	Mexico	NIOSH	OSHA	United States - California
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	TWAs	Not established	25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established	Not established
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl (108-67-8)	TWAs	Not established	25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established	Not established
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWAs	10 mg/m ³ TWA (dust)	10 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable dust)	15 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m ³ PEL (total dust); 5 mg/m ³ PEL (respirable fraction)
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	5 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established	Not established	5 mg/m ³ PEL (fume)
Mineral Spirits	TWAs	100 ppm TWA; 523 mg/m ³ TWA	350 mg/m ³ TWA	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m ³ TWA	100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m ³ PEL

	Result	Mexico	NIOSH	OSHA	United States - California
(8052-41-3)					
Cellulose (9004-34-6)	TWAs	10 mg/m ³ TWA LMPE-PPT	10 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable dust)	15 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m ³ PEL (respirable fraction, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated); 10 mg/m ³ PEL (total dust, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated)

Exposure Control Notations

ACGIH

- Asphalt (8052-42-4):Carcinogens:A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free)

Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form:	Liquid	Appearance/Description:	Thick black semi-liquid.
Color:	Black	Odor:	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Odor Threshold:	No data available	Boiling Point:	300 to 390°F
Heat of Decomposition:	Not relevant	pH:	Not relevant
Specific Gravity/Relative Density:	= 0.98 Water=1	Density:	= ~8.0 lbs/gal
Bulk Density:	Not relevant	Water Solubility:	No
Solvent Solubility:	Not relevant	Viscosity:	= 270 Centipoise (cPs, cP) or mPas @ 140 F(60 C)
Vapor Pressure:	= 2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)	Vapor Density:	= 4.9 Air=1
Evaporation Rate:	< 1 Ether = 1	VOC (Wt.):	No data available
VOC (Vol.):	< 400 g/L (West Coast) < 450 g/L (East Coast)	Volatiles (Wt.):	No data available
Volatiles (Vol.):	No data available	Flash Point:	105 F(40.5556 C)
Flash Point Test Type:	CC (Closed Cup)	UEL:	6 %
LEL:	0.9 %	Heat of Combustion (ΔHc):	Not relevant

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability	- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
Hazardous Polymerization	- Hazardous polymerization not indicated.
Conditions to Avoid	- Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.
Incompatible Materials	- Strong oxidizers and acids.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
Asphalt	30% TO 40%	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m ³

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
			Tumorigen/Carcinogen: ; skn-mus TD :69 gm/kg/43W-I
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1% TO 5%	95-63-6	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	1% TO 5%	108-67-8	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:5000 mg/kg; ihl-hmn TClO:10 ppm Irritation: ; skn-rbt 20 mg/24H MOD
Cellulose	1% TO 5%	9004-34-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>5800 mg/m3/4H
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1% TO 5%	64742-95-6	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:8400 mg/kg

Other Information

- This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate

- **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic** - Fish: 9.22: 96 h Oncorhynchus myk mg/L LC50. Crustacea: 6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/LEC50. **1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene** – Fish: 7.19 - 8.28: 96 h Pimephalespromelas mg/L LC50 flow-through. Crustacea: 6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/LEC50

Persistence/Degradability

- No data available.

Bioaccumulation Potential

- No data available.

Mobility in Soil

- No data available

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT - United States - Department of Transportation - Not Regulated when shipped in containers < 119 gallons (450 L)

TDG - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III

TDG Transportation Other Information: 1.33 -Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging.

IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III

IMO/IMDG Transportation Other Information–IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transportation Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications

- Acute, Chronic

Risk & Safety Phrases

- California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. Bituminous Fumes are PROP 65 listed. Asphalt is considered a bituminous material but would need to be heated in excess of 500°F to release fumes necessary for exposure. Normal use of this product does not require heating and the material is not recommended for heating by the manufacture.



WARNING: Cancer – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Other Flammability Rating

Per NFPA and DOT the product is classified as a combustible liquid.

State Right To Know

Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	Yes
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	Yes	Yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	No	No	No
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	Yes

Inventory

Component	CAS	EU EINECS	TSCA
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	Yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	Yes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Yes	Yes
Perlite	130885-09-5	No Data	Yes
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

- Aluminum	7429-90-5	10% TO 20%	B6 (powder); Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1% TO 5%	B3
- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1% TO 5%	B3, D2B
- Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	35% TO 45%	B3, D2B
- Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	1% TO 5%	B3

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

- Aluminum	7429-90-5	10% TO 20%	1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1% TO 5%	1.0 % de minimis concentration

Section 16 - Other Information

- Last Revision Date** - 9-21-2020
- Prepared By** - GG Inc.
- Disclaimer/Statement of Liability** - This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for particular use. The manufacturer does not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information.