

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name • Eterna-Flash All-Weather SBS Flashing Cement

Chemical CategoryMixtureProduct CodeAP-3653

Product Description
 All Weather Flashing Cement

Product UseRoofing Repair Mastic

Manufacturer • APOC - Asphalt Products Oil Corporation

4161 East 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States

Telephone

General • 813-248-2101 **Emergency** • 800-424-9300 **Technical** • 813-248-2101

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

Flammable liquid (paste) and Vapor. Contains Combustible Petroleum Distillates. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor and use only in adequate ventilation. Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent vapor may cause brain and nervous system damage, respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. May cause skin and eye irritation.

Prevention Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep out of reach of

children.

Response IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Storage/Disposal Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of content and/or container

in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.







Physical FormLiquid(paste)

Color • Black

Odor • Mild Hydrocarbon.

Flash Point • 105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup)

UEL6 %LEL0.9 %

• Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure -

Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation -

Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

WHMIS
 Combustible Liquids - B3, Other Toxic Effects - D2A, Other Toxic Effects - D2B

• Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure -

Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause irritation. Excessive breathing of high vapor concentration can cause possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation.

Chronic (Delayed)

• Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.

Skin

Acute (Immediate) • May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.

Eye

Acute (Immediate) • May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate) • May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Chronic (Delayed) • Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.

Carcinogenic Effects

• This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 - Toxicological Information for more details.

| Carcinogenic Effects | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| CAS IARC NTP | | | | | | |
| Asphalt | 8052-42-4 | Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen | Under Consideration | | | |
| | | Group 3-Not Classifiable | | | | |

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

| | Hazardous Components | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical Name | Identifiers | %(weight) | LD50/LC50 | Classifications According to Regulation/Directive | | | | |
| Asphalt | CAS:8052-42-4 UN:NA1999 EINECS:232-490-9 | 40% TO 60% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >94.4 mg/m³ | WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD: | | | | |
| Mineral Spirits | CAS:8052-41-3 EC Number:232- 489-3 EINECS:232-489-3 | 15% TO 30% | | EU DSD/DPD: Carc.Cat.2; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46 Xn; R65 | | | | |
| Kaolin | CAS:1332-58-7 | 5% TO 15% | | UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT RE 2 EU DSD/DPD: Irritant(Xi); R36/37 | | | | |
| Cellulose | CAS:9004-34-6 EINECS:232-674-9 | 6% TO 15% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >5800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >2 g/kg | WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD: | | | | |
| Hydrated aluminium- | CAS:12174-11-7 | 5% TO 10% | | WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; STOT RE 2 | | | | |

| magnesium silicate | | | | EU DSD/DPD: Carcinogen 2(Carc.Cat.2); R49; Toxic(T) |
|---|--|-----------------|---|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | CAS:64742-95-6 EC Number:265- 199-0 EINECS:265-199-0 | 1% TO 5% | | UN GHS: Asp. Tox. 1; Carc. 1B EU DSD/DPD: Carc.Cat.2; R45Muta.Cat.2; R46Xn; R65 |
| Styrene/Butadiene Polymer | CAS:9003-55-8 | 1% TO 5% | | |
| Quartz | CAS:14808-60-7 EC Number:238- 878-4 EINECS:238-878-4 | 1% TO 2% | | UN GHS: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1 EU DSD/DPD: Carcinogen 1(Carc.Cat.1); R49 |
| 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene | CAS:95-63-6 EC Number:202- 436-9 EINECS:202-436-9 | 0.5% TO 1.5% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 18000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) Ingestion/Oral-Mouse LD50 • 6900 mg/kg | UN GHS: Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation); Aquatic Chronic 2; Flam. Liq. 3; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT RE 2; STOT SE 2 EU DSD/DPD: R10Xn; R20Xi; R36/37/38N; R51 R53 |
| Benzene, 1,3,5- trimethyl | CAS:108-67-8 EC Number:203- 604-4 UN:UN2325 EINECS:203-604-4 | 0.5% TO 1.5% | | EU DSD/DPD: R10 Xi; R37 N; R51 R53 |

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation • IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

• IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

• IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

• Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

See Section 2 for Potential Health Effects.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Eye

Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing • Media

Do not use direct stream of water.

Firefighting Procedures •

• Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of release.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Combustible liquid. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.

Protection of Firefighters •

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

Flash Point

• 105°F (Closed Cup)

Explosion Limits•

Upper• 6 % **Lower**• 0.9 %

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions • Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind. Ventilate the area before entry.

Emergency Procedures

• ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Environmental **Precautions**

• Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Measures

Containment/Clean-up • Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Prohibited Materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

 KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame - No Smoking. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage

 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.

Special Packaging Materials

Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

No data available

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms







Respiratory • In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respiratory protection suitable for the hazard. When used with adequate ventilation, a respirator is not normally required. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or supplied air respirator.

Eye/Face

• Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Hands

Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.

Skin/Body

• Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

Considerations

General Industrial Hygiene • Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. When using do not smoke, eat, or drink.

Engineering Measures/Controls

• Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

| | Exposure Limits/Guidelines | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| | Result | ACGIH | Canada Ontario | Mexico | OSHA | United States - California | | |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | TWAs | 0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) | (designated substance | 0.1 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT (respirable fraction) | | 0.3 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust) | | |
| Kaolin (1332-58-7) | TWAs | containing no | | 10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT | | 2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust, containing no Asbestos fibers, <1% Crystalline silica) | | |

| | | respirable fraction) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Cellulose (9004-34-6) | TWAs | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 10 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) | 5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated); 10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated) |
| Mineral Spirits (8052-41-3) | TWAs | 100 ppm TWA | 525 mg/m3 TWA (140°C Flash aliphatic solvent) | 100 ppm TWA LMPE- PPT; 523 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT | 500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA | 100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 PEL |
| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | TWAs | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable fraction, as benzene soluble aerosol) | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable, as Benzene-soluble aerosol) | 5 mg/m3 TWA LMPE- PPT | Not established | 5 mg/m3 PEL (fume) |

Exposure Control Notations

ACGIH

- •Kaolin (1332-58-7): **Carcinogens:** (A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
- •Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free))
- •Quartz (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen)

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

| Material Description | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Physical Form | Liquid/Paste | Appearance/Description | Thick black semi-liquid. |
| Color | Black | Odor | Mild Hydrocarbon. |
| | | Physical and Chemical Properties | Semi-liquid |
| General Properties | | - | |
| Boiling Point | 310 to 400 F(154.4444 to 204.4444 C) | Specific Gravity/Relative Density | 1.12 Water=1 |
| Density | ~9.4 lbs/gal | | |
| Volatility | | | |
| Vapor Pressure | 2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C) | Vapor Density | 1 Air=1 |
| VOC (Vol.) | 248-300 g/L | | |
| Flammability | | - | |
| Flash Point | 105°F(40.5°C) CC (Closed Cup) | UEL | 6 % |
| LEL | 0.9 % | | |

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization

• Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

Conditions to Avoid

• Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.

Incompatible Materials

• Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products • Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

| Component Name | CAS | Data |
|--|------------|--|
| Asphalt (40% TO 60%) | 8052-42-4 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3 |
| Cellulose (6% TO 15%) | 9004-34-6 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (1% TO 5%) | 64742-95-6 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:8400 mg/kg |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (0.5% TO 1.5%) | 95-63-6 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H |

Other Component Information

 IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist. This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate

• No data available.

Persistence/Degradability • No data available.

Bioaccumulation Potential • No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international Product • regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT: Not restricted if shipped in containers <450L (119 gallons) Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons)

TDG - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods: Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III. TDG General exemption small package 1.33. See TDG.

IMDG- Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages.

IATA - International Air Transportation Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Risk & Safety Phrases

- Acute, Chronic
- California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

| Component | CAS | State Right To Know MA | MN | NJ | PA | | |
|---|------------|------------------------|---------|-----|-----|--|--|
| • | | | | | | | |
| Asphalt | 8052-42-4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Mineral Spirits | 8052-41-3 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate | 12174-11-7 | No | No | No | No | | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 64742-95-6 | No | No | No | No | | |
| Styrene/Butadiene Polymer | 9003-55-8 | No | No | No | No | | |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl | 108-67-8 | Yes | No | No | No | | |
| Inventory | | | | | | | |
| Component | CAS | El | JEINECS | TSC | A | | |
| Asphalt | 8052-42-4 | | Yes | Yes | S | | |

| Mineral Spirits | 8052-41-3 | Yes | Yes |
|---|------------|-----|-----|
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | Yes | Yes |
| Cellulose | 9004-34-6 | Yes | Yes |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 64742-95-6 | Yes | Yes |
| Styrene/Butadiene Polymer | 9003-55-8 | No | Yes |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | Yes | Yes |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | Yes | Yes |
| Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl | 108-67-8 | Yes | Yes |

Canada - Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

•Kaolin 1332-58-7 5% TO 15% D2A

•Cellulose 9004-34-6 6% TO 15% Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (including microcrystalline and paper fibers)

 -Asphalt
 8052-42-4
 40% TO 60%
 Not Listed

 +1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
 95-63-6
 0.5% TO 1.5%
 B3

 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
 64742-95-6
 1% TO 5%
 B3, D2B

Quartz 14808-60-7 1% TO 2% D2A (In certain cases, this classification does not apply. For more information, consult the section Substance Specific Issues - Silica, crystalline, encapsulated on Health Canada's WHMIS Division website.)

No. 10 ...

 •Mineral Spirits
 8052-41-3
 15% TO 30%
 B3, D2B

 •Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl
 108-67-8
 0.5% TO 1.5%
 B3

 •Hydrated aluminium-magnesium silicate
 12174-11-7
 5% TO 10%
 Not Listed

*Styrene/Butadiene Polymer 9003-55-8 1% TO 5% Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

US - Environment

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

 •Kaolin
 1332-58-7
 5% TO 15%
 Not Listed

 •Cellulose
 9004-34-6
 6% TO 15%
 Not Listed

 •Asphalt
 8052-42-4
 40% TO 60%
 Not Listed

•1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 0.5% TO 1.5% 1.0 % de minimis concentration

 •Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 64742-95-6
 1% TO 5%
 Not Listed 14808-60-7
 1% TO 2%
 Not Listed 24808-60-7
 1% TO 2%
 Not Listed 24808-60-7
 1% TO 2%
 Not Listed 34808-60-7
 15% TO 30%
 Not Listed 34808-60-7
 15% TO 30%
 Not Listed 34808-60-7
 Not Listed 34808-60-7
 15% TO 10%
 Not Listed 34808-7
 Not Listed 34808-60-7
 Not Listed 34808-7
 Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Prepared By

• GG Inc.

Preparation Date

• 9/1/2005

Last Revision Date

• 5/18/2015

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

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