

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 14-May-2012 Revision Date 21-Oct-2020 Version 2

MT-2500 Brickform White Micro-Topping

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name Brickform White Micro-Topping

Other means of identification

Product Code MT-2500

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier AddressManufacturer AddressSolomon Colors, Inc.Solomon Colors, Inc.4050 Color Plant Road4050 Color Plant Road

Springfield, IL Springfield, IL

62702 62702

Company Phone Number 800-624-0261 (US & Canada); 217-522-3112 (Outside North America)

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number 1-800-373-7543

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Classification

### **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This product is classified as hazardous according to the criteria contained in the Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (known as HCS 2012) and the Hazardous Products Regulations SOR/2015-17 (known as WHMIS 2015).

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (single	Category 3
exposure)	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	Category 1
exposure)	

## Label elements

## **Emergency Overview**

## Danger

### Hazard statements

Harmful if inhaled

May cause cancer by inhalation May cause respiratory irritation

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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Overexposure to dust can cause chronic lung injury. Acute silicosis may develop in a short timewith heavy exposure. Silicosis can be progressive and may cause death.

Appearance White Powder Physical state Powder Odor Slight

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Limestone	1317-65-3	50-60	*
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	30-40	*
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	2-3	*
Quartz, Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	< 1.5	*
Silica Amorphous	112926-00-8	< 0.16	*
Synthetic Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	< 0.1	*

**Chemical Additions** 

Portland cement contains the following: Magnesium Oxide, Calcium Oxide, and Gypsum. The ranges above account for batch-to-batch variability.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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#### Description of first aid measures

General advice In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for

use or safety data sheet if possible).

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician.

**Skin Contact**Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In the case of skin irritation

or allergic reactions see a physician.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion If swallowed, call a poison control center or physician immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not

induce vomiting without medical advice.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms General: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may damage lungs. Inhalation: May cause

respiratory irritation, sneezing, coughing, burning sensation in the throat or constriction of the larynx, or difficulty breathing. Eye contact: Redness, irritation or pain. Skin: Prolonged contact with large amounts of this product may cause mechanical irritation. Dust may

cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Ingestion: Abdominal pain. Chronic symptoms: Shortness of breath, wheezing, cough and sputum production. May cause cancer, silicosis, lung disease, autoimmune disease,

tuberculosis, and nephrotoxicity. May cause allergic skin reaction.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physicians**Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon

monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Metal Oxides. Oxides of sulfur.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protection recommended in Section

8. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid breathing

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. See Section 12 for additional ecological

information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated labeled waste container.

Methods for cleaning up With clean shovel place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move

containers from spill area. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. For disposal

see section 13.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal

protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials Cement is reactive or incompatible with oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum, and

ammonium salt. Cement is highly alkaline and will react violently with acids that can produce toxic gases or vapors. Silica reacts violently with oxidizing agents. Silicates

dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid and produces corrosive gas.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Limestone	-	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust
1317-65-3		TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable dust
		(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m³ total	
		dust	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable	
		fraction	
Portland Cement	TWA: 1 mg/m³ particulate matter	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
65997-15-1	containing no asbestos and <1%	TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust
	crystalline silica, respirable	(vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
	particulate matter	dust	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable	
		fraction	
		TWA: 50 mppcf <1% Crystalline	
		silica	
Calcium hydroxide	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1305-62-0		TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ not in	
		effect as a result of reconsideration	
Quartz, Crystalline Silica	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ respirable	TWA: 50 μg/m³ TWA: 50 μg/m³	IDLH: 50 mg/m³ respirable dust
14808-60-7	particulate matter	excludes construction work,	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
		agricultural operations, and	
		exposures that result from the	
		processing of sorptive clays	
		(vacated) TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		respirable dust	
		: (250)/(%SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA	
		respirable fraction	
		: (10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	
O'l' A b	<u> </u>	respirable fraction	
Silica Amorphous	-	(vacated) TWA: 6 mg/m³	-
112926-00-8		TWA: 20 mppcf	
Counting the American beauty Cities		: (80)/(% SiO2) mg/m³ TWA	IDI II. 2000 / 2
Synthetic Amorphous Silica	-	TWA: 20 mppcf	IDLH: 3000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
7631-86-9		: (80)/(% SiO2) mg/m³ TWA	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d

962 (11th Cir., 1992).

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

Engineering Controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin and body protection** Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Powder
Appearance White Powder

Color White Odor threshold Not applicable

Odor

Remarks • Method

Slight

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u>

pH > 11 (alkaline when wet)
Melting point/freezing point No information available

Boiling point / boiling range > 1000 °C

Flash point Not Applicable (Solid)
Evaporation rate Not Applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

No information available
No information available
No information available

Specific Gravity 2.9

Water solubility No information available Solubility in other solvents No information available Partition coefficient No information available **Autoignition temperature** No information available No information available **Decomposition temperature** Kinematic viscosity No information available Dynamic viscosity No information available **Explosive properties** No information available **Oxidizing properties** No information available

Other Information

Softening pointNo information availableMolecular weightNo information availableVOC Content (%)No information availableDensityNo information available

Bulk density 20-25 lbs/gal

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## Reactivity

Reacts slowly with water forming hydrated products

#### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Reactive or incompatible with oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum and ammonia salts.

## Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

#### Incompatible materials

Cement is reactive or incompatible with oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum, and ammonium salt. Cement is highly alkaline and will react violently with acids that can produce toxic gases or vapors. Silica reacts violently with oxidizing agents. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid and produces corrosive gas.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides. Metal Oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**The product is not known to present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied

information for the mixture components.

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. Inhalation can cause serious, potentially irreversible lung/respiratory

tract tissue damage due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. Individuals with lung disease (e.g. bronchitis, emphysema, COPD, pulmonary disease) or sensitivity to hexavalent chromium can be aggravated by exposure. Inhalation can cause

silicosis.

**Eye contact** Avoid contact with eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Skin Contact Irritating to skin. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Repeated or prolonged skin

contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.

**Ingestion** May be harmful if swallowed. Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Calcium hydroxide 1305-62-0	= 7340 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Synthetic Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	= 7900 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 2.2 mg/L (Rat)1 h

## Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms General: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may damage lungs.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation, sneezing, coughing, and burning sensation. Eye

contact: Redness, irritation, pain. Caused serious eye damage.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause serious burns in the presence of moisture.

May cause serious burns in the presence of moisture. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons.

Not classified. (Based on mixture components).

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Quartz, Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Silica Amorphous 112926-00-8	-	Group 3	-	-
Synthetic Amorphous Silica 7631-86-9	-	Group 3	Known	Х

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

The International Agency for Research on Cancer ("IARC") concluded that there was "sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in the forms of quartz or cristobalite. Crystalline silicia in the form of quartz or cristobalite dust causes cancer of the lung", and that there is "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of quartz dust" The overall IARC evaluation was that "crystalline silica quartz or cristobalite dust is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)."

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

**Reproductive toxicity** Not classified. (Based on mixture components).

**STOT - single exposure** Target Organs. Respiratory system. Inhalation can cause serious, potentially irreversible

lung/respiratory tract tissue damage due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. Individuals with lung disease (e.g. bronchitis, emphysema, COPD, pulmonary

disease) or sensitivity to hexavalent chromium can be aggravated by exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Overexposure to dust can cause chronic lung injury such as chronic silicosis, accelerated silicosis, and

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acute silicosis. 1) Simple chronic silicosis -which results from long-term exposure (more than 20 years) to low amounts of respirable crystalline silica. Nodules of chronic inflammation and scarring provokedby the respirable crystalline silica form in the lungs and chest lymph nodes. This disease may feature breathlessness and mayresemble chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); 2) Accelerated silicosis -occurs after exposure to larger amounts of respirable crystalline silica over a shorter period of time (5-15 years); 3) Acute silicosis –results from short-term exposure to very large amounts of respirable crystalline silica. The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels. Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis. Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures. Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Several studies have also reported excess cases of kidney diseases in silica exposed workers.

Target Organ Effects
Aspiration hazard

Respiratory system, lungs, kidney.

Not classified. (Based on mixture components).

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) > 5000 mg/kg

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

This product has not been fully evaluated on the product level.

0% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

## Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national

and local laws and regulations.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Calcium hydroxide	Corrosive
1305-62-0	

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT** Not regulated

**TDG** Not regulated

MEX Not regulated

ICAO (air) Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

**IMDG** Not regulated

RID Not regulated

ADR Not regulated

ADN Not regulated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **International Inventories**

TSCA Complies DSL/NDSL Complies

EINECS/ELINCS Does not comply ENCS Does not comply

IECSCCompliesKECLComplies

PICCS Does not comply

AICS Complies

#### <u>Legend:</u>

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

## **US Federal Regulations**

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA): This product does not contain chemicals at levels that are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

See section 2 for more information

#### **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain substances that would exceed the reportable quantity as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

## **US State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, Crystalline which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and chemicals including Hexavalent Chromium which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product contains substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations. For more information, please contact your sales or technical representative.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Reactivity 0 Physical and Chemical

Properties HMIS Health hazards 3 Flammability 0 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection X

Prepared By Solomon Colors - Lab Technical Services

Issue Date 14-May-2012 Revision Date 21-Oct-2020

Revision Note Periodic Review

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 

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