

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: DOWSIL™ 790 Silicone Building Sealant Issue Date: 09/03/2024

White

Print Date: 09/04/2024

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: DOWSIL™ 790 Silicone Building Sealant White

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses:** Sealant

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY 2211 H.H. DOW WAY MIDLAND MI 48674 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER** 

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Hazard classification**

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation - Category 2A Reproductive toxicity - Category 2

# Label elements Hazard pictograms





Signal word: WARNING!

Hazards

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statementsPrevention**

P201	Obtain s	pecial i	nstructions	before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and/or face protection.

Response

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

+ P338 lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice and/or attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice and/or attention.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

No data available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Silicone Sealant

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane	87855-59-2	>= 0.73 - <= 2.9 %
Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine	68952-53-4	>= 0.9 - <= 2.2 %
N-ethylacetamide	625-50-3	>= 0.11 - <= 0.44 %
Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	>= 0.03 - <= 0.25 %
Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane	Not available	>= 0.05 - <= 0.22 %

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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

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**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation or rash occurs. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known...

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Formaldehyde. Metal oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

# Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

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accordance with local regulations.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings evenafter container is emptied.

Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.

Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Octamethyl	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm
Cyclotetrasiloxane			

#### **Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

# Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state paste

**Color** in accordance with the product description

**Odor** Fishv

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/ rangeNo data availableFreezing pointNo data availableBoiling point (760 mmHg)Not applicableFlash pointNot applicableEvaporation Rate (Butyl AcetateNot applicable

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not classified as a flammability hazard

Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data available

Vapor Pressure Not applicable

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) No data available

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.48
Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNo data availableDecomposition temperatureNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNot applicableKinematic ViscosityNot applicableExplosive propertiesNot explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weightNo data availableParticle sizeNo data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** 

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

# **Acute Toxicity Endpoints:**

Not classified based on available information.

**Acute oral toxicity** 

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# Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

LD50, Rat, 500 mg/kg Acute toxicity estimate

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u>

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

# N-ethylacetamide

Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rat, 3,950 mg/kg

# **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

LD50, Rat, male, > 4,800 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

LD50, 500 mg/kg Acute toxicity estimate

#### Acute dermal toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u>

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

#### N-ethylacetamide

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,400 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

### Acute inhalation toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

The LC50 has not been determined.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

The LC50 has not been determined.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Based on data from similar materials LC0, Rat, 8 Hour, vapour, 2.19 mg/l No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmosphere.

#### **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 36 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched or cut).

May stain skin.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

### Information for components:

### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u>

For similar material(s):

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

#### N-ethylacetamide

For similar material(s):

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

### **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

For similar material(s):

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s): May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause corneal injury.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u>

For similar material(s):

May cause eye irritation.

#### N-ethylacetamide

For similar material(s):

May cause slight eye irritation.

#### **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

# Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

For similar material(s):

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

#### Sensitization

### For skin sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

# For respiratory sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

For skin sensitization:

Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

Contains component(s) which have not demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

# **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

# Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Material is not classified as an aspiration hazard based on insufficient data, however materials with low viscosity may be aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting.

# Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

### <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

# **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

Female reproductive organs.

# Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u>

No relevant data found.

# N-ethylacetamide

No relevant data found.

# Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals at doses nontoxic to the mother.

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

# Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with</u> hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

# N-ethylacetamide

No relevant data found.

# Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

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#### Mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

# Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with

#### hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

### N-ethylacetamide

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. For similar material(s): Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

# Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

#### **Toxicity**

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

# Acute toxicity to fish

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 50 mg/l

# Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 69 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 100 mg/l

# <u>Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine</u> Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 0.11 - 1 mg/l

# N-ethylacetamide

# Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Based on data from similar materials

LC50, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), 96 Hour, 3,390 mg/l, DIN 38412

# Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 580 mg/l, DIN 38412

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 96 Hour, > 500 mg/l

# Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

EC10, Pseudomonas putida, 17 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l, DIN 38 412 Part 8

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

# Acute toxicity to fish

Based on testing of comparable products: The estimated maximum aqueous concentration of Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane (D4) from migration to water from the product as supplied is below the D4 established no-effect threshold (< 0.0079 mg/L) for aquatic organisms.

# Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials:

Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

# Persistence and degradability

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

**Biodegradation:** 62.66 %

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

# Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Fail For similar material(s):

**Biodegradation:** 0.43 % **Exposure time:** 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

# N-ethylacetamide

**Biodegradability:** Material has inherent, ultimate biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 60 or 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s).

Based on data from similar materials

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 6 d

#### **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

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to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 3.7 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

#### Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, DT50, 3.9 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

### Bioaccumulative potential

### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

# Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

# Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 6.49 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 12,400 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) Measured

# Mobility in soil

# Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

# Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

No relevant data found.

#### **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Partition coefficient (Koc): 16596 OECD Test Guideline 106

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and

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compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION 1: Identified Uses. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

ComponentsCASRNC.I. Pigment Yellow 538007-18-9Cobalt titanite green spinel68186-85-6

# Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Polydimethylsiloxane hydroxy-terminated	70131-67-8
Limestone	1317-65-3
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
C.I. Pigment Yellow 53	8007-18-9
Cobalt titanite green spinel	68186-85-6
Aluminum	7429-90-5

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including C.I. Pigment Yellow 53, Cobalt titanite green spinel, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Hazard Rating System**

### **NFPA**

	Health	Flammability	Instability
	2	1	0
111	MIC		

#### **HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
2*	1	0

<sup>\* =</sup> Chronic Effects (See Hazards Identification)

#### Revision

Identification Number: 4111316 / A001 / Issue Date: 09/03/2024 / Version: 14.0

In case this version of the SDS contains significant changes from the previous version, they are listed below or noted by bold, double bars in the left-hand margin throughout this document. Changes encompass identification, hazards, tox/eco-tox information and the addition/removal of the ingredients, and regulatory information, hazard information, uses, risk management measures and other key regulatory changes of the product. Detailed explanation of the changes can be obtained upon request.

Legend

TIMA	0 by T\A/A
TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: RQ - Reportable Quantity: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The informationherein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express orimplied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other

than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version. US

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