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1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

DRYVIT AP ADH – SDS-004

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use Recommended use*: for industrial and professional users

*The "Recommended use" identified for this product Is provid-ed solely to comply with a Federal requirement and Is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or Infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation Into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Dryvit Systems, Inc.

One Energy Way

West Warwick, RI 02893, USA

Telephone: +1 401 822-4100

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification Chemical family: aromatic isocyanates

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Acute Tox.	4 (Inhalation " mist)	Acute toxicity
Skin Corr./Irrit.	2	Skin corrosion/irritation
Eye Dam./Irrit.	2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Resp. Sens.	1	Respiratory sensitization
Skin Sens.	18	Skin sensitization
STOT SE	3 (irritating to respiratory system)	Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
STOT RE	2 (by inhalation)	Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

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Label elements



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if	
11554	inhaled.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H373	May cause damage to organs (Olfactory organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).	
Precautionary Stateme	nts (Prevention):	
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P260	Do not breathe dust!gas/mist!vapours.	
P284	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
P264	Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.	
Precautionary Stateme	ents (Response):	
P312	Call a POISÓN CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.	
P303 + P352	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.	
P333 + P311	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Call a POISON CENTER or	
	doctor/physician.	
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
P337 + P311	If eye Irritation persists: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
Precautionary Stateme	ents (Storage):	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
P405	Store locked up.	
Precautionary Stateme		
P501	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.	

Hazards not otherwise classified

If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

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Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

CONTAINS ISOCYANATES. INHALATION OF ISOCYANATE MISTS OR VAPORS MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, BREATHLESSNESS, CHEST DISCOMFORT AND REDUCED PULMONARY FUNCTION. OVEREXPOSURE WELL ABOVE THE PEL MAY RESULT IN BRONCHITIS, BRONCHIAL SPASMS AND PULMONARY EDEMA. LONG-TERM EXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES HAS BEEN REPORTED TO CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE, INCLUDING REDUCED LUNG FUNCTION WHICH MAY BE PERMANENT. ACUTE OR CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES MAY CAUSE SENSITIZATION IN SOME INDIVIDUALS, RESULTING IN ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY REACTIONS INCLUDING WHEEZING, SHORTNESS OF BREATH AND DIFFICULTY BREATHING. ANIMAL TESTS INDICATE THAT SKIN CONTACT MAY PLAY A ROLE IN CAUSING RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION.

3. Composition /Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

<u>CAS Number</u> 101-68-8 26447-40-5	Weight% >= 10.0- < 15.0% >= 3.0 - < 5.0%	<u>Chemical name</u> Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) Methylanadiahanyl diisocyanata
57636-09-6	>= 0.1- < 0.2%	Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate lsocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester,
		polymer with.alphahydroomegahydroxypoly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyl)
14807-96-6	>= 25.0 - < 50.0%	talc
64742-46-7	>= 1.0- < 5.0%	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. Assist in breathing if necessary. Immediate medical attention required.

If on skin:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Under no circumstances should organic solvent be used. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

If swallowed:

Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

Hazards: Respiratory sensitization may result in allergic (asthma-like) signs in the lower respiratory tract including wheezing, shortness of breath and difficulty breathing, the onset of which may be delayed. Repeated inhalation of high concentrations may cause lung damage, including reduced

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lung function, which may be permanent. Substances eliciting lower respiratory tract irritation may worsen the asthma-like reactions that may be produced by product exposures.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment:

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: foam, water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, harmful vapours, nitrogen oxides, fumes/smoke, carbon black

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information:

The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Contaminated extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with official regulations.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective clothing. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental precautions

Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small amounts: Sweep/shovel up. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations. For large amounts: Sweep/shovel up. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Protection against fire and explosion:

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Keep away from sources of ignition -No smoking. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities No applicable Information available.

Suitable materials for containers: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Further Information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store protected against freezing.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits		
Diphenylmethane-4,4'- dilsocyanate (MDI)	OSHA PEL	CLV 0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3 ; CLV 0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3 ;
	ACGIJ-1 TLV	TWA value 0.005 ppm ;
talc	OSHA PEL	TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable dust ; TWA value 20 millions of particles per cubic foot of air ; TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic footof air Respirable ; The exposurelimit is calculated from the equation, 250/(%Si02+5), using a value of 100% Si02. Lower percentages of Si02 will yield higher exposure limits. TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable ; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 10mg/m3)/(%Si02+2), using a value of 100% Si02. Lower percentages of SI02 will yield higher exposure limits. TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust ; The exposurelimit Is calculated from the equation, 30mg/m3)/(%Si02+2), using a value of 100% Si02. Lower percentages of SI02 will yield higher exposure limits.
	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	OSHA PEL	PEL 5 mg/m3 Mist ; TWA value 5 mg/m3 Mist

Advice on system design: No applicable information available.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Wear appropriate certified respirator when exposure limits may be exceeded.

Hand protection: Chemical resistant protective gloves

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Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. No special measures necessary if stored and handled correctly. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice. Wearing of closed work clothing is recommended. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. At the end of the shift the skin should be cleaned and skin-care agents applied. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks).

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Odour: Odour threshold: Colour: pH value: Melting point: Boiling point: Sublimation point: Flash point:	paste oily, mild No applicable information available. tan neutral to slightly alkaline not applicable No applicable Information available. No applicable information available. > 200 OF
Flammability:	> 93.34 0C
Lower explosion limit:	not determined
Upper explosion limit:	1.6 %(V)
Autoignition:	10.2 %(V)
Vapour pressure:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	10.8- 11.51b/USg
Bulk density:	1.294 - 1.378
Vapour density:	1.26 g/cm3
Partitioning coefficient n-	Heavier than air.
octanol/water (log Pow):	No data available.
Thermal decomposition:	
Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, kinematic: Solubility in water: Solubility (quantitative): Solubility (qualitative): Evaporation rate: Other Information:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. No applicable information available. No applicable information available. slightly soluble No applicable information available. No applicable information available. If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Oxidizing properties: Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

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Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid

See MSDS section 7 -Handling and storage.

Incompatible materials

strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition: No decomposition If stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat or trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function. Inhalation exposure well above the **PEL** may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema. Isocyanates have also been reported to cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms, the onset of which may be delayed.

Oral No applicable Information available.

Inhalation Type of value: ATE Value: 3.11 mg/1 Determined for mist

Dermal No applicable information available.

Assessment other acute effects Assessment of STOT single: Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

Irritation I corrosion

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Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Skin contact may result in dermatitis, either Irritative or allergic.

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the PEUTLV. These symptoms, which include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and In severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed a skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material, or even as a result of vapour-only exposure. Animal tests indicate that skin contact may play a role in causing respiratory sensitization.

Aspiration Hazard

Study scientifically not justified.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. The substance may cause damage to the lung after repeated inhalation. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was mutagenic in various bacterial test systems; however, these results could not be confirmed in tests with mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: A carcinogenic potential cannot be excluded after prolonged exposure to severely irritating concentrations. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure. IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-d/isocyanate (MDI)

Assessment of carcinogenicity: A carcinogenic potential cannot be excluded after prolonged exposure to severely irritating concentrations. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure. /ARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Information on: P-MDI

Assessment of carcinogenicity: A carcinogenic potential cannot be excluded after prolonged exposure to severely irritating concentrations. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure. /ARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Information on: Methylenedipheny/ diisocyanate

Assessment of carcinogenicity: A carcinogenic potential cannot be excluded after prolonged exposure to severely irritating concentrations. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure. /ARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Repeated inhalative uptake of the substance did not cause damage to the reproductive organs.

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Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The substance did not cause malformations in animal studies; however, toxicity to development was observed at high doses that were toxic to the parental animals.

Other Information

Based on our experience and the information available, no adverse health effects are expected if handled as recommended with suitable precautions for designated uses. The product has not been tested. The statements on toxicology have been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

The isocyanate component is a respiratory sensitizer. It may cause allergic reaction leading to asthma-like spasms of the bronchial tubes and difficulty in breathing. Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come into contact with isocyanates is recommended. Contact may aggravate pulmonary disorders. Persons with history of respiratory disease or hypersensitivity should not be exposed to this product. Preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum) are suggested. Persons with asthmatic conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases, recurrent eczema or pulmonary sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as having pulmonary sensitization (allergic asthma) to isocyanates, further exposure is not recommended.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations. Based on long-term (chronic) toxicity study data, the product is very likely not harmful to aquatic organisms.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H20) Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential Based on a weight of evidence, the compound will not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

<u>Assessment transport between environmental compartments</u> The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

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Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not release untreated into natural waters. Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water channels. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Dispose of in accordance with local authority regulations. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

14. Transport Information

Land transport USDOT

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport IMDG

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Air transport IATA/ICAO

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Further information

DOT: This product is regulated If the amount in a single receptacle exceeds the Reportable Quantity (RQ). Please refer to Section 15 of this MSDS for the RQ for this product.

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:ChemicalTSCA, USreleased / listed

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Acute; Chronic

EPCRA313:CAS NumberChemical name101-68-8Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)9016-87-9P-MDI

CERCLARQ	CAS Number	Chemical name
5000 LBS	7664-38-2; 78-93-	phosphoric acid; Methylethylketone; Diphenylmethane-
	3; 101-68-8	4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)
1000 LBS	7705-08-0	Iron trichloride
100 LBS	108-90-7	chlorobenzene

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State regulation	ns	
<u>State RTK</u> NJ	CAS Number 101-68-8 9016-87-9 14807-96-6 26447-40-5 64742-46-7	Chemical name Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) P-MDI talc Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
PA	101-68-8 14807-96-6 64742-46-7	Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) talc Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
NFPA Hazard c	odes:	
Health: 2	Fire: 1 Reactivity:	0 Special:
Assessment of	the hazard classes accor	ding to UN GHS criteria (most recent version):
Acute Tox.	4 (Inhalation-	mist) Acute toxicity
Eye Dam./Irrit.	2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Skin Corr./Irrit.	2	Skin corrosion/irritation
Resp. Sens.	1	Respiratory sensitization
Skin Sens.	1B	Skin sensitization
Care. STOT SE	2 3 (irritating to respiratory sys	Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure tem)
STOT RE	2	Specific target organ toxicity-repeated

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

SDS Prepared on: 2017/06/20

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