## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Material name: LUSTER SEAL 350-5 GL PL
Material: THSH2 05
Recommended use and restriction on use
Recommended use: Coatings
Restrictions on use: Not known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information
EUCLID CHEMICAL COMPANY
19218 REDWOOD ROAD
CLEVELAND OH 44110
US

Contact person:
Telephone:
Emergency telephone number:

EH\&S Department
216-531-9222
1-800-424-9300 (US); 1-613-996-6666 (Canada)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

## Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards
Flammable liquids
Health Hazards
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Category 2
Category 1B

## Unknown toxicity - Health

Acute toxicity, oral 0.025 \%
Acute toxicity, dermal 0.027 \%
Acute toxicity, inhalation, vapor $99.95 \%$
Acute toxicity, inhalation, dust 100 \%
or mist

## Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment

Category 3

Unknown toxicity - Environment
Acute hazards to the aquatic 94.81 \% environment
Chronic hazards to the aquatic $100 \%$ environment

## Label Elements

## Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word:
Hazard Statement:

Danger
Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause cancer.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary
Statements
Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/] equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid release to the environment.

Response: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see this label). Take off contaminated clothing. In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Mixtures

| Chemical Identity | CAS number | Content in percent (\%)* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Aromatic petroleum distillates | $64742-95-6$ | $5-<10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,2,4$-Trimethylbenzene | $95-63-6$ | $1-<5 \%$ |
| Tert-Butyl Acetate | $540-88-5$ | $0.1-<1 \%$ |
| Acetone | $67-64-1$ | $0.1-<1 \%$ |
| Xylene | $1330-20-7$ | $0.1-<1 \%$ |
| Cumene | $98-82-8$ | $0.1-<1 \%$ |

${ }^{*}$ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## 4. First-aid measures

## Ingestion:

## Inhalation:

Skin Contact:

Eye contact:

Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor/ if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Move to fresh air.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention.

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: Respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause redness, itching, irritation and eczema/chapping.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

$$
\text { Treatment: } \quad \text { Symptoms may be delayed. }
$$

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

## General Fire Hazards:

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

## Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing

 media:Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting
procedures:
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

No data available.

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

## Notification Procedures:

Environmental Precautions:

Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Dam and absorb spillages with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for disposal according to local regulations.

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling:

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool place.
onditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Chemical Identity | Type | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Aromatic petroleum distillates | PEL | $100 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air <br> Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| $1,2,4$-Trimethylbenzene | REL | $25 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 125 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical <br> Hazards (2010) |
|  | TWA | $25 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 125 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m3} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) <br> (1989) |
|  | TWA | $25 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 125 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure <br> Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008) |


|  | AN ESL | 25 ppb |  | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ST ESL |  | 140 ppb | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (02 2013) |
|  | ST ESL |  | $700 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (02 2013) |
|  | AN ESL |  | $125 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
|  | TWA PEL | 25 ppm | $125 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010) |
|  | TWA | 25 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011) |
| Tert-Butyl Acetate | TWA | 50 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2016) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2016) |
|  | PEL | 200 ppm | $950 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Acetone | TWA | 250 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015) |
|  | STEL | 500 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015) |
|  | PEL | 1,000 ppm | 2,400 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Xylene | STEL | 150 ppm | 655 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | REL | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | REL | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | REL | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989) |
|  | TWA | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989) |
|  | TWA | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008) |
|  | ST ESL |  | $350 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
|  | ST ESL |  | 80 ppb | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
|  | AN ESL |  | 42 ppb | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
|  | AN ESL |  | $180 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010) |
|  | Ceiling | 300 ppm |  | US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010) |
|  | TWA PEL | 100 ppm | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010) |
|  | TWA | 100 ppm |  | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011) |


|  | STEL | 150 ppm | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | PEL | $100 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m3}$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air <br> Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Cumene | TWA | 50 ppm | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011) |
|  | PEL | $50 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 245 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air <br> Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |


| Chemical name | Type | Exposure Limit Values |  | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aromatic petroleum distillates | TWA | 400 ppm | $1,590 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011) |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | TWA | 25 ppm | $123 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health \& Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | TWA | 25 ppm |  | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | TWA | 25 ppm |  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | TWA | 25 ppm | $123 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Xylene | TWA | 100 ppm | $434 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health \& Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | $651 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health \& Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| Xylene | TWA | 100 ppm |  | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm |  | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Xylene | TWA | 100 ppm |  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm |  | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| Xylene | TWA | 100 ppm | 434 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
|  | STEL | 150 ppm | 651 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Cumene | STEL | 75 ppm |  | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|  | TWA | 25 ppm |  | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |


| Cumene | TWA | 50 ppm | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to <br> Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cumene | TWA | $50 \mathrm{ppm} \quad 246 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - <br> Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work <br> Environment) (12 2008) |

## Biological Limit Values

| Chemical Identity | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Acetone (acetone: Sampling <br> time: End of shift.) | $25 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{I}$ (Urine) | ACGIH BEI (03 2015) |
| Xylene (Methylhippuric acids: <br> Sampling time: End of shift.) | $1.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{g}$ (Creatinine in urine) | ACGIH BEI (03 2013) |

## Appropriate Engineering Controls

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of vapors and mist. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

## General information:

Eye/face protection:

## Skin Protection

Hand Protection:
Other:

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using do not smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin.
Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact.
Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Hygiene measures:

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Physical state:
liquid
Form:
Color:
Odor:
Odor threshold:
pH:
liquid

liquid
Colorless

Mild petroleum/solvent
No data available.
No data available.

| Melting point/freezing point: | No data available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range: | $>35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}>95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| Flash Point: | $17^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 63^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (Closed Cup) |
| Evaporation rate: | Slower than Ether |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No |
| Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits |  |
| $\quad$ Flammability limit - upper (\%): | No data available. |
| $\quad$ Flammability limit - lower (\%): | No data available. |
| $\quad$ Explosive limit - upper (\%): | No data available. |
| $\quad$ Explosive limit - lower (\%): | No data available. |
| Vapor pressure: | No data available. |
| Vapor density: | Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and |
|  | in the bottom of containers. |
| Relative density: | 1.052 |
| Solubility(ies) | Practically Insoluble |
| $\quad$ Solubility in water: | No data available. |
| $\quad$ Solubility (other): | No data available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | No data available. |
|  | No data available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | No data available. |
| Decomposition temperature: |  |

## 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity: | No data available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chemical Stability: | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous <br> reactions: | No data available. |
| Conditions to avoid: | Heat, sparks, flames. |
| Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (e.g. nitric acid, peroxides <br> and chromates). Strong bases. <br> Hazardous Decomposition <br> Products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and <br> other toxic gases or vapors. |  |

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation:
In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.

Skin Contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact: Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.

Ingestion: May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Inhalation: | No data available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Skin Contact: | No data available. |
| Eye contact: | No data available. |
| Ingestion: | No data available. |

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)
Oral

Product:
Dermal
Product:
Inhalation
Product:
Specified substance(s):
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Acetone

Repeated dose toxicity
Product:
No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Product: No data available.
Specified substance(s):

LC 50 (Rat): $76 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$
ATEmix: $85,904.35 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$

ATEmix: 2,771.3 mg/kg

Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

LC 50 (Rat): 10,200 mg/m3

| Aromatic petroleum |
| :--- |
| distillates |


| $1,2,4$-Trimethylbenzene | in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study |
| :--- | :--- |
| in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across from supporting substance (structural |  |
| analor surrogate), Key study |  |


| Tert-Butyl Acetate | in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study |
| :--- | :--- |

Acetone
in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

## Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.
Specified substance(s):
Aromatic petroleum Rabbit, 24-72 hrs: Not irritating
distillates
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Rabbit, 30 min: Not irritating
Tert-Butyl Acetate Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating
Acetone Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant
Xylene Rabbit, 24 hrs: Moderately irritating
Cumene Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Product: No data available.

## Carcinogenicity

Product:
May cause cancer. Suspected of causing cancer.

## IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

Cumene Overall evaluation: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

## US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

Cumene Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):
No carcinogenic components identified

| Germ Cell Mutagenicity |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| In vitro Product: | No data available. |
| In vivo Product: | No data available. |
| Reproductive toxicity Product: | No data available. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity Product: | Single Exposure <br> No data available. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity Product: | Repeated Exposure No data available. |
| Aspiration Hazard Product: | No data available. |
| Other effects: | No data available. |

## 12. Ecological information

## Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:
Fish
Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h ): 7.19-8.28 mg/l Mortality

Tert-Butyl Acetate LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h ): 296-362 mg/l Mortality

Acetone LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h ): 5,490-7,030 mg/l Mortality

Xylene LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h ): $13.41 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Mortality
Cumene LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h ): 6.04-6.61 mg/l Mortality

## Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:
Specified substance(s):

Cumene

Acetone LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h ): $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Mortality EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h ): 21,600-23,900 mg/I Intoxication
LC 50 (Scud (Gammarus fasciatus), 96 h ): > $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{I}$ Mortality
LC 50 (Asiatic clam (Corbicula manilensis), 96 h ): > 20,000 mg/l Mortality
LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 96 h ): > $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Mortality
No data available.

LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h ): $7.9-45.1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{I}$ Mortality

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish
Product: No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates
Product:
No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product:

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability
Biodegradation Product: No data available.

BOD/COD Ratio Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) Product: No data available.

| Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) <br> Product: <br> No data available. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Specified substance(s): <br> Tert-Butyl Acetate | Log Kow: 1.76 |
| Acetone | Log Kow: -0.24 |
| Xylene | Log Kow: 3.12-3.20 |
| Cumene | Log Kow: 3.66 |


| Mobility in soil: | No data available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other adverse effects: | Harmful to aquatic organisms. |
| 13. Disposal considerations |  |
| Disposal instructions: | Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in <br> accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product <br> characteristics at time of disposal. |
| Contaminated Packaging: | No data available. |

## 14. Transport information

TDG:
UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG II
CFR / DOT:
UN1866, Resin solution, 3, PG II

## IMDG:

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG II

## Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation.
Please refer to Bill of Lading.

## 15. Regulatory information

## US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
None present or none present in regulated quantities.
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
None present or none present in regulated quantities.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

| Chemical Identity |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reportable quantity |  |
| Dimethyl carbonate |  |
| Tert-Butyl Acetate | 5000 lbs. |
| Acetone | 5000 lbs. |
| Xylene | 100 lbs. |
| Cumene | 5000 lbs. |
| Methanol | 5000 lbs. |
| Tert-Butyl Alcohol | 100 lbs. |

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

## Hazard categories

Fire Hazard

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

## SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

| SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Chemical Identity | Reportable quantity |
| Dimethyl carbonate | 100 lbs . |
| Tert-Butyl Acetate | 5000 lbs . |
| Acetone | 5000 lbs . |
| Xylene | 100 lbs . |
| Cumene | 5000 lbs. |
| Methanol | 5000 lbs . |
| Tert-Butyl Alcohol | 100 lbs . |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical |  |
| Chemical Identity | Threshold Planning Quantity |
| Aromatic petroleum distillates | 10000 lbs |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 10000 lbs |
| Tert-Butyl Acetate | 10000 lbs |
| Acetone | 10000 lbs |
| Xylene | 10000 lbs |
| Cumene | 10000 lbs |

## SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

Chemical Identity
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
None present or none present in regulated quantities.

## Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

Chemical Identity $\quad$ Reportable quantity
Xylene
Reportable quantity: Ibs.

## US State Regulations

## US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Cumene
Methanol

Carcinogenic. 092011
Developmental toxin. 032012

## US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity
Dimethyl carbonate
Aromatic petroleum distillates
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

## US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity
Dimethyl carbonate
Aromatic petroleum distillates
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances
Chemical Identity
Dimethyl carbonate
Aromatic petroleum distillates
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

## US. Rhode Island RTK

## Chemical Identity

Aromatic petroleum distillates
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
International regulations
Montreal protocol
not applicable

## Stockholm convention

not applicable

## Rotterdam convention

not applicable
Kyoto protocol
not applicable
voc:
Regulatory VOC (less water and : $335 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ exempt solvent)
VOC Method 310 : 12.00 \%

## Inventory Status:

## Australia AICS:

Canada DSL Inventory List:

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:

Japan (ENCS) List:

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):

Canada NDSL Inventory:

Philippines PICCS:

US TSCA Inventory:

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:

Japan ISHL Listing:

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:

One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.

All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.

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## 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Revision Date: | $04 / 05 / 2017$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Version \#: | 2.0 |
| Further Information: | No data available. |

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

