

GAF **Safety Data Sheet SDS # 2202**

SDS Date: August 2019

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: **TPO Red Primer**

CHEMICAL NAME /

SYNONYM:

Solvent

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture

GAF Materials Corporation MANUFACTURER:

ADDRESS: 1 Campus Drive, Parsippany, NJ 07054

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE (CHEMTREC):

800 - 424 - 9300

INFORMATION ONLY: 800 - 766 - 3411

PREPARED BY: Corporate EHS

APPROVED BY: Corporate EHS

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

NFPA and HMIS RATINGS:

	NFPA Hazard Rating		HMIS Hazard Rating
Health	2	Health	2
Flammable	3	Flammable	3
Reactive	0	Reactive	0
Special Hazards	-	Personal Protection	X

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS:

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

Flammable Liquid - Category 2 Eye Irritant - Category 2A Skin Irritant - Category 2 Respiratory Irritant

Target Organ (SE) - Category 3 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (chronic) - Category 2

GHS PICTOGRAMS:





SIGNAL WORD: Danger

HAZARD

STATEMENTS: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see on this label).

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

ADDITIONAL HAZARD IDENTIFICATIN INFORMATION:

PRIMARY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

EYES: May cause severe eye irritation.

SKIN: May cause drying of skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis.

INGESTION: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting

and diarrhea. May be harmful if swallowed.

INHALATION: Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause irritation to the respiratory

tract. May be harmful if inhaled.

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS: See above.

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system depression (weakness, fatigue,

dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, headache, and/or

unconsciousness). Experiments for acetone have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals. May cause

adverse effects to liver or kidney.

See section 11 for additional toxicological information.

CARCINOGENICITY: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

			OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS			
CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	% (BY WT)	OSHA	ACGIH	OTHER	
Para-chlorobenzo trifluoride (PCBTF)	98-56-6	70-90%	NE	NE	NE	
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30%	TWA (vacated): 750 ppm STEL(vacated): 1000 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	NIOSH IDLH: 2500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm	

NE = Not Established

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES: Flush with warm water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical

attention.

SKIN: Wash with soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, contact a

physician.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention and advise the physician

of the nature of the material.

NOTES TO PHYSICIANS OR

FIRST AID PROVIDERS:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, chlorine compounds,

fluoride compounds and hydrocarbons.

RECOMMENDED FIRE FIGHTING

PROCEDURES:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with pressuredemand, full face piece SCBA and full protective gear.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION

HAZARDS:

If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors may ignite and/or cause flash fires. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. Vapors are invisible, flammable, and heavier than air, and may accumulate in low areas and spread long distances.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before

entering. Eliminate all ignition sources (flames, hot surfaces and sources of electrical sparks). Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquids to covered containers for recovery or disposal, or remove with inert absorbent. Use only non-sparking tools. Place absorbent diking materials in covered containers for disposal. Prevent contamination of sewers, streams

and groundwater with spilled material or used absorbent.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, and

well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and all sources of

ignition.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Containers may be hazardous when empty. Since emptied

containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use. Electrically bond and ground all containers, personnel and equipment before transfer or use of material. Special precautions

may be necessary to dissipate static electricity for non-

conductive containers.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS /

VENTILATION:

Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below exposure limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If personal exposure concentrations cannot be maintained below

the appropriate exposure limits using engineering controls, a

NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor air purifying respirator may be appropriate based on employer-determined exposure levels. Air supplied or SCBA respirators may be required when the measured chemical concentration exceeds the capacity of the air purifying respirator or when personal exposure levels are unknown.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles; face

shield if there is a potential for splashing.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear chemical resistant gloves when handling this product to avoid

prolonged skin contact.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Various application methods can dictate the use of additional

protective safety equipment such as chemical resistant boots, impermeable aprons, etc. when handling this product to avoid

prolonged skin contact.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash exposed skin prior to eating, drinking or smoking and at the

end of each shift. Wash contaminated clothing prior to reuse. A source of clean water should be available to flush eyes and skin.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: Not applicable.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE & ODOR:	Light red liquid with a distinct odor.			
FLASH POINT:	5°F	LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:	No data	
METHOD USED:	СС	UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:	No data	
EVAPORATION RATE:	11.2 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1)	BOILING POINT:	161.6°F	
pH (undiluted product):	No data	MELTING POINT:	-139°F	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Insoluble	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.14	
VAPOR DENSITY:	2-6 Air = 1	PERCENT VOLATILE:	No data	
VAPOR PRESSURE:	No data	WEIGHT/GALLON:	9.5 lbs	
VOC (g/L):	<100	WITHOUT WATER (LBS/GAL):	No data	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
THERMAL STABILITY:	STABLE X	UNSTABLE

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY): Avoid heat, flames, sparks, and other sources of ignition. Avoid

incompatible materials. Avoid prolonged storage at elevated

temperatures.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO

AVOID):

Avoid contact with combustible materials strong oxidizing

agents, acids, bases, peroxides.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-

PRODUCTS:

Carbon Monoxide, carbon dioxide, chlorine compounds, fluoride

compounds, hydrocarbons, formaldehyde, methanol.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 (rat)
Para-chlorobenzo- trifluoride (PCBTF)	>6800 mg/kg	>2700 mg/kg	4479 ppm (4hr dose)
Acetone	5800 mg/kg	Not Listed	Not Listed

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Chemical Name	Freshwater Algea	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetone	Not listed	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 11300 mg/L/48h Salmo gairdneri: LC50 = 6100 mg/L/24h	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min	EC50 = 39 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of this product in accordance with all local, state and federal

regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT TRANSPORTATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable Liquid N.O.S. (contains Acetone,

Para-chlorobenzotrifluoride)

HAZARD CLASS: 3

ID NUMBER: UN1993

PACKING GROUP: ||

OTHER: Not applicable.

I.A.T.A.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable Liquid N.O.S. (contains Acetone,

Para-chlorobenzotrifluoride)

HAZARD CLASS: 3

ID NUMBER: UN1993

PACKING GROUP:

OTHER: Not applicable.

I.M.D.G.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable Liquid N.O.S. (contains Acetone,

Para-chlorobenzotrifluoride)

HAZARD CLASS: 3

ID NUMBER: UN1993

PACKING GROUP:

OTHER: EMS-No.: F-E, S-D

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA: This product and its components are listed on the TSCA 8(b) inventory.

CERCLA: This material, as supplied contains one or more substances regulated as a

hazardous substance under CERCLA (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substance RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Acetone	5000 lb	-

SARA

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

313 REPORTABLE

INGREDIENTS:

None

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

This product can expose you to chemicals including parachlorobenzotrifluoride

(PCBTF), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements. The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Chemical Name	CAS#	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Para-chlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF)	98-56-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Trade Secret Material	_	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: Not applicable.

DATE OF PREVIOUS SDS: March 2018

CHANGES SINCE PREVIOUS SDS: Prop 65 warning

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