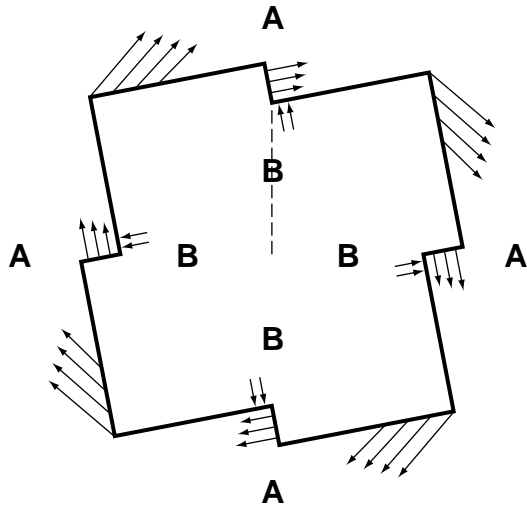


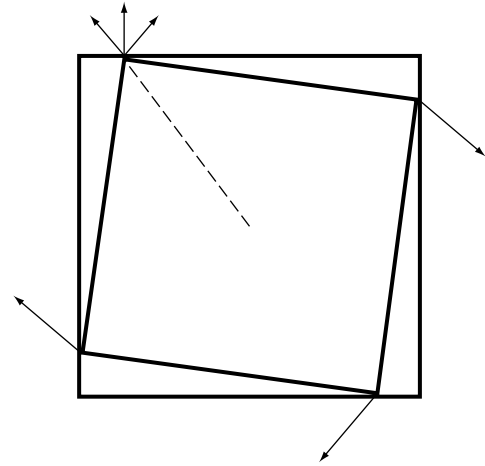
Lox™ vs. Square



12 Contact Points

Lox™

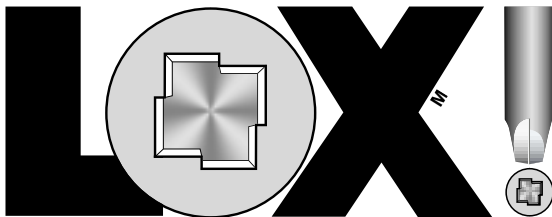
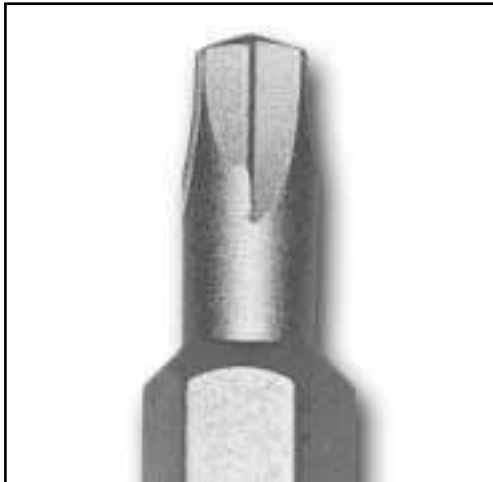
Driving torque is distributed to 12 points. Force vectors on A-B surfaces are the most efficient because they are perpendicular to a line through the center. Driver bits last much longer. Stick fit lasts longer eliminating the necessity to use a magnetic bit holder. Productivity is increased. Less wobble, less flop overs, fewer injuries and less operator fatigue because less energy is required to keep the bit in the recess. Electric tools last longer. A-B surfaces reduce the wear on the 4 corners of the driver bits and wear more than 10 times longer than square or Philips.



4 Contact Points

Square

Driving torque is concentrated on the four corners. It is an inefficient transference of energy because the force vector is not perpendicular to a line through the center. Electric tools have to work harder. Driver bits wear out quicker. Wobble becomes a problem. More wasted time because screws flop over. It is necessary to use a magnetic bit holder, which increases wobble. More injuries may result. Screws don't seat as well.



**No Waste • No Wobble
No Cam Out • No Slivers
Stick Fit • High Torque
Drives Off Angle
Exceptional Bit Tip Life**