

ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-2251

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This report also contains:

- FBC Supplement

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<p>DIVISION: 03 00 00 — CONCRETE</p> <p>Section: 03 16 00 — Concrete Anchors</p> <p>DIVISION: 05 00 00 — METALS</p> <p>Section: 05 05 19 — Post-installed Concrete Anchors</p>	<p>REPORT HOLDER: ITW RED HEAD</p> <p>ADDITIONAL LISTEE: ITW BRANDS</p>	<p>EVALUATION SUBJECT: ITW RED HEAD TRUBOLT CARBON STEEL WEDGE ANCHORS IN CONCRETE</p>	
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1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018 and 2015 [International Building Code® \(IBC\)](#)
- 2021, 2018 and 2015 [International Residential Code® \(IRC\)](#)

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

The RED HEAD Trubolt Wedge Anchors are used to resist static, wind, and earthquake (Seismic Design Categories A and B only) tension and shear loads in uncracked normal-weight concrete and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , ranging from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). The anchoring system complies with anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC. The anchors may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 RED HEAD Carbon Steel Trubolt Wedge Anchor:

The RED HEAD Trubolt wedge anchor is a zinc plated, torque-controlled expansion anchor, available in 1/4-inch, 3/8-inch and 1/2-inch diameters (6.4, 9.5 and 12.7 mm). The Trubolt wedge anchor consists of a fully threaded stud, expansion clip, nut, and washer. The anchor stud is cold-formed from carbon steel materials. The zinc plating on the anchor body complies with ASTM B633 SC1, Type III, with a minimum 0.0002-inch (5 μm) thickness. The expansion clip is fabricated from Type 302 or Type 430 stainless steels. The standard hexagonal nut conforms to ANSI B18.2.2-65, and the washer conforms to ANSI/ASME B18.22.1 1965 (R1981). The anchor stud is threaded throughout the majority of its length and has a wedge section at the far end, around which the expansion clip is formed. The expansion clip, consisting of a split-ring element with a “coined” groove at each end, is shown in [Figure 1](#). During installation of the anchor, the expansion clip engages the walls of the concrete as the wedge portion of the stud is forced upward against the interior of the clip.

3.2 Concrete:

Normal-weight and lightweight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

4.1.1 General: Design strength of anchors in accordance with the 2021 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2021 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 Chapter 17 and this report.

Design strength of anchors in accordance with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

Design parameters and references to ACI 318 are based on the 2021 IBC (ACI 318-19) and on the 2018 and 2015 IBC (ACI 318-14) unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.11 of this report. The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.3.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3, as applicable. A design example in accordance with the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC is provided in [Figure 4](#) of this report.

Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC and Section 5.3 of ACI 318 (-19 and -14), as applicable. The value of f'_c used in calculations must be limited to 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), maximum, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1 or ACI 318-14 17.2.7 as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to ductile steel elements may be used.

4.1.2 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Tension, N_{sa} : The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2, as applicable, is given in [Table 3](#) of this report.

4.1.3 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension, N_{cb} , N_{cbg} : The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2, as applicable, with modifications as described in this section. The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa). The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2, using the values of h_{ef} and k_{uncr} as given in [Table 3](#) of this report. The nominal concrete breakout strength in tension in regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 must be calculated with $\psi_{c,N} = 1.0$.

4.1.4 Requirements for Static Pullout Strength in Tension, N_{pn} : The pullout nominal strength in tension for a single anchor in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.1 and 17.6.3.2.1 or ACI 318-14 17.4.3.1 and 17.4.3.2, respectively, as applicable, in uncracked concrete, $N_{p,uncr}$, is given in [Table 4](#) of this report. For all design cases $\psi_{c,P} = 1.0$.

4.1.5 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Shear, V_{sa} : The values of V_{sa} for a single anchor given in [Table 3](#) of this report must be used in lieu of the values of V_{sa} as derived by calculation according to ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2, as applicable. The strength reduction factor, ϕ , corresponding to a ductile steel element must be used for the Trubolt anchors as described in [Table 3](#) of this report.

4.1.6 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} : The nominal static concrete breakout strength in shear of a single anchor or a group of anchors, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2 or ACI 318-14 17.5.2, as applicable, with modifications as described in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength in shear of a single anchor in cracked concrete, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2.1 or ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2, as applicable, using the value of d_a , given in [Table 2](#) of this report, and the value h_{ef} , given in [Table 3](#). l_e must be taken as no greater than h_{ef} and in no case must l_e exceed $8d_a$.

4.1.7 Requirements for Static Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} : The nominal static concrete pryout strength in shear of a single anchor or groups of anchors, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3 or ACI 318-14 17.5.3, as applicable, modified by using the value of k_{cp} provided in [Table 3](#) of this report and the value of N_{cb} or N_{cbg} as calculated in Section 4.1.3 of this report

4.1.8 Requirements for Minimum Member Thickness, Minimum Anchor Spacing and Minimum Edge Distance: Values of s_{min} and c_{min} as given in [Table 2](#) of this report must be used in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2 or ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3, as applicable. Minimum member thicknesses, h_{min} , as given in [Table 2](#) of this report, must be used in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.4 or ACI 318-14 17.7.5, as applicable.

4.1.9 Requirements for Critical Edge Distance: In applications where $c < c_{cr}$ and supplemental reinforcement to control splitting of the concrete is not present, the concrete breakout strength in tension for uncracked concrete, calculated according to ACI 318-19 17.6.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2, as applicable, must be further multiplied by the factor $\psi_{cp,N}$, as given by the following equation:

$$\psi_{cp,N} = c / c_{ac} \text{ (Eq-1)}$$

where $c \geq c_{min}$ from [Table 2](#), and whereby the factor $\psi_{cp,N}$ need not be taken as less than $1.5h_{ef} / c_{ac}$. For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,N} = 1.0$. In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5 or ACI 318-14 17.7.6, as applicable, values for c_{ac} must be taken from [Table 3](#) of this report.

4.1.10 Interaction of Tensile and Shear forces: For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8 or ACI 318-14 17.6, as applicable.

4.1.11 Lightweight Concrete: For the use of anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a equal to 0.8 λ is applied to all values of $\sqrt{f'_c}$ affecting N_n and V_n .

For ACI 318-19 (2021 IBC) and ACI 318-14 (2018 and 2015 IBC), λ shall be determined in accordance with the corresponding version of ACI 318.

4.2 Allowable Stress Design (ASD):

4.2.1 General: For anchors designed using the allowable stress design load combinations in accordance with 2021 IBC Section 1605.1 or 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1605.3, allowable loads must be established using Eq-2 and Eq-3:

$$T_{allowable,ASD} = \phi N_n / \alpha \quad (\text{Eq-2})$$

and

$$V_{allowable,ASD} = \phi V_n / \alpha \quad (\text{Eq-3})$$

where

$T_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable tension load (lbf or kN).

$V_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable shear load (lbf or kN).

ϕN_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 and 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, with amendments in Section 4.1 of this report, as applicable (lb or kN).

ϕV_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 and 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, and Section 4.1 of this report as applicable. (lb or kN).

α = Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α must include all applicable factors to account for nonductile failure modes and required over-strength.

The requirements for member thickness, edge distance and spacing, as described in this report, must apply. An example of allowable stress design values for illustrative purposes is shown in [Table 5](#) of this report.

4.2.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.8 or ACI 318-14 17.6, interaction must be calculated as follows:

For shear loads $V \leq 0.2 V_{allowable, ASD}$, the full allowable load in tension $T_{allowable, ASD}$ may be taken.

For tension loads $T \leq 0.2 T_{allowable, ASD}$, the full allowable load in shear $V_{allowable, ASD}$ may be taken.

For all other cases, Eq-4 applies:

$$T/T_{allowable, ASD} + V/V_{allowable, ASD} \leq 1.2 \quad (\text{Eq-4})$$

4.3 Installation:

The anchors must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) as depicted in [Figure 3](#), and this report. Anchor locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Embedment, spacing, edge distance, and concrete thickness are shown in [Figure 2](#), and [Tables 2](#) and [3](#). Holes must be predrilled in concrete with a compressive strength from 2,500 to 8,500 psi (17.2 to 58.6 MPa), using carbide-tipped masonry drill bits complying with ANSI B212.15-1994. The nominal drill bit diameter must be equal to the anchor diameter. The drilled hole depth, h_o , must exceed the required embedment in concrete as noted in [Table 2](#). The hole must be cleaned with pressurized air or vacuum prior to installation of the anchor. The anchors must be hammered into the predrilled hole to the required embedment depth in concrete. A standard hexagonal nut and washer must be used over the material being fastened and the nut tightened (three to five turns) until the minimum installation torque, as specified in [Table 2](#), is reached.

4.4 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection is required, in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC. The special inspector must make periodic inspections during anchor installation to verify

anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distance, concrete member thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque. And adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions. The special inspector must be present as often as required in accordance with the "statement of special inspection". Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706, and 1707 must be observed, where applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE:

The Trubolt Wedge Anchors described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- 5.1 Anchor sizes, dimensions, and installation are as set forth in this report.
- 5.2 The anchors must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions and this report in uncracked normal-weight or lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). In case of conflict, this report governs.
- 5.3 The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa).
- 5.4 Strength design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- 5.5 Allowable design values are established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- 5.6 Anchor spacing and edge distance, as well as minimum member thickness, must comply with [Table 2](#) and [Table 3](#) of this report.
- 5.7 Prior to installation, calculations and details justifying that the applied loads comply with this report must be submitted to the building official for approval. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- 5.8 Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of expansion anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- 5.9 The use of Trubolt anchors is limited to installation in uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete. Anchors may not be installed in regions of a concrete member where cracking has occurred or where analysis indicates cracking may occur at service load levels, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.10 Anchors used to resist seismic loads are limited to locations designated as Seismic Design Categories A and B.
- 5.11 Anchors may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind forces, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.12 Where not otherwise prohibited in the code, Trubolt wedge anchors are permitted for use with fire-resistance-rated construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors that support a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fire-resistance-rated membrane are protected by approved fire-resistance-rated materials or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
- 5.13 Use of zinc-coated carbon steel anchors is limited to dry, interior locations.
- 5.14 Special inspections are provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- 5.15 Anchors are manufactured under an approved quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the [ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements \(AC193\)](#), dated October 2017 (Editorially revised in December 2020) for use in uncracked concrete, and quality control documentation.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 The concrete anchors are identified by their dimensional characteristics, the anchor size, and by the length code stamped on the anchor, as indicated in [Table 1](#). Packages are identified with the anchor type and size, the manufacturer's name and address, and the evaluation report number (ESR-2251).

7.2 The report holder’s contact information is the following:

ITW RED HEAD
155 HARLEM AVENUE, N4E
GLENVIEW, ILLINOIS 60025
(800) 848-5611
www.itw-redhead.com
techsupport@itwccna.com

7.3 The additional listee’s contact information is the following:

ITW BRANDS
155 HARLEM AVENUE, N3E
GLENVIEW, ILLINOIS 60025
(877) 489-2726
www.itwbrands.com

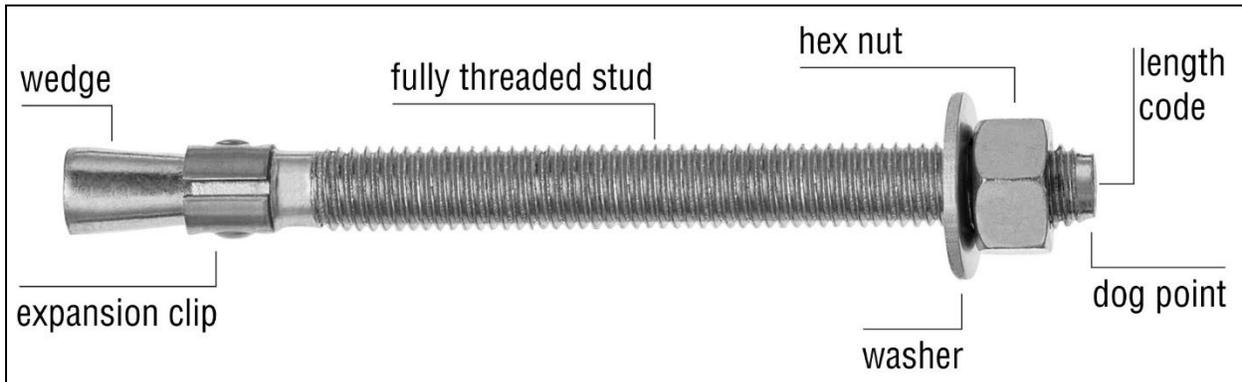


FIGURE 1—ITW RED HEAD TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR

TABLE 1—LENGTH IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

LENGTH ID MARKING ON ANCHOR HEAD		UNITS	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Length of anchor, <i>l_{anch}</i>	From	in. (mm)	1½ (38.1)	2 (50.8)	2½ (63.5)	3 (76.2)	3½ (88.9)	4 (101.6)	4½ (114.3)	5 (127.0)	5½ (139.7)	6 (152.4)
	Up to, but not including	in. (mm)	2 (50.8)	2½ (63.5)	3 (76.2)	3½ (88.9)	4 (101.6)	4½ (114.3)	5 (127.0)	5½ (139.7)	6 (152.4)	6½ (165.1)

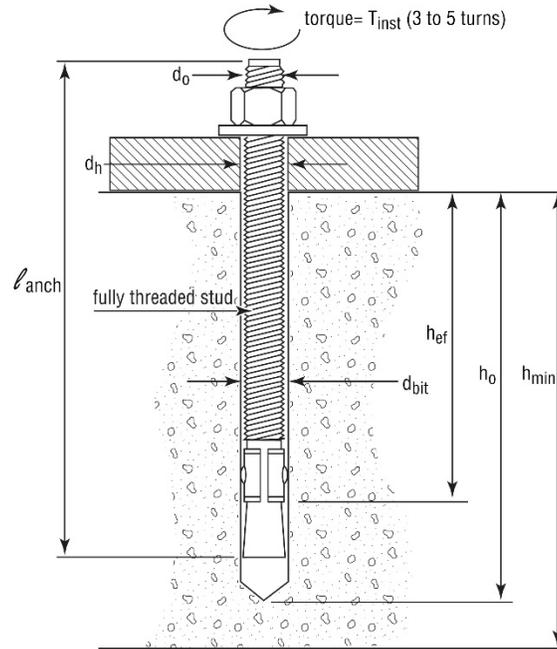
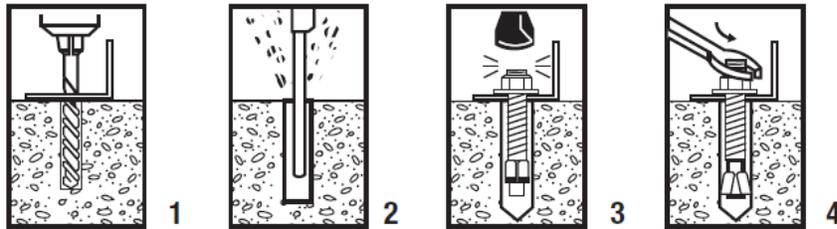


FIGURE 2—ITW RED HEAD TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR (INSTALLED)

MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION STEPS



1. Select a carbide drill bit with a diameter equal to the anchor diameter. Drill hole at least 1/4" deeper than nominal anchor embedment.
2. Clean hole with pressurized air or vacuum to remove any excess dust/debris.
3. Using the washer and nut provided, assemble the anchor, leaving nut one half turn from the end of anchor to protect threads. Drive anchor through fixture to be fastened until washer is flush to surface of fixture.
4. Expand anchor by tightening nut to the specified setting torque - see Table (approx 3 to 5 full revolutions).

FIGURE 3—INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

TABLE 2—ITW TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR INSTALLATION INFORMATION

	SYMBOL	UNITS	NOMINAL ANCHOR DIAMETER (in.)					
			$1/4$		$3/8$		$1/2$	
Anchor outer diameter	d_a	in. (mm)	0.25 (6.4)		0.375 (9.5)		0.5 (12.7)	
Nominal carbide bit diameter	d_{bit}	in. (mm)	$1/4$		$3/8$		$1/2$	
Effective embedment depth	h_{ef}	in. (mm)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ (38)	2 (51)	$1\frac{3}{4}$ (44)	$2\frac{5}{8}$ (67)	$1\frac{7}{8}$ (48)	$3\frac{3}{8}$ (86)
Nominal Embedment depth	h_{nom}	in. (mm)	$1\frac{3}{4}$ (44)	$2\frac{1}{4}$ (57)	$2\frac{1}{4}$ (57)	$3\frac{1}{8}$ (79)	$2\frac{1}{2}$ (64)	4 (102)
Minimum hole depth	h_o	in. (mm)	2 (51)	$2\frac{1}{2}$ (64)	$2\frac{1}{2}$ (64)	$3\frac{3}{8}$ (86)	$2\frac{3}{4}$ (70)	$4\frac{1}{4}$ (108)
Minimum concrete member thickness	h_{min}	in. (mm)	4 (102)		4 (102)	5 (127)	5 (127)	6 (152)
Critical edge distance	c_{ac}	in. (mm)	$2\frac{5}{8}$ (67)	3 (76)	$2\frac{5}{8}$ (67)	$5\frac{1}{4}$ (133)	$3\frac{3}{4}$ (95)	$6\frac{3}{4}$ (171)
Minimum edge distance	c_{min}	in. (mm)	$1\frac{3}{4}$ (44)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ (38)	$2\frac{1}{4}$ (57)	2 (51)	$3\frac{3}{4}$ (95)	$3\frac{3}{4}$ (95)
Minimum anchor spacing	s_{min}	in. (mm)	$1\frac{3}{4}$ (44)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ (38)	$2\frac{1}{4}$ (57)	2 (51)	$3\frac{3}{4}$ (95)	$3\frac{3}{4}$ (95)
Installation torque	T_{inst}	ft-lb (N-m)	4 (5)		25 (34)		55 (75)	
Reference (attachment) hole diameter	d_h	in. (mm)	$\frac{5}{16}$ (7.9)		$\frac{7}{16}$ (11.1)		$\frac{9}{16}$ (14.3)	

TABLE 3—ITW TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION^{1,2,3}

DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	NOMINAL ANCHOR DIAMETER					
			1/4		3/8		1/2	
Anchor O.D.	d_o	in	0.250		0.375		0.500	
		mm	6.4		9.5		12.7	
Effective min. embedment	h_{ef}	in	1 1/2	2	1 3/4	2 5/8	1 7/8	3 3/8
		mm	38	51	44	67	48	86
Minimum member thickness	h_{min}	in	4	4	4	5	5	6
		mm	102	102	102	127	127	152
Installation Torque	T_{inst}	ft-lb	4		25		55	
		N-m	5		34		75	
Critical edge distance	c_{ac}	in	2 5/8	3	2 5/8	5 1/4	3 3/4	6 3/4
		mm	67	76	67	133	95	171
Minimum edge distance	c_{min}	in	1 3/4	1 1/2	2 1/4	2	3 3/4	3 3/4
		mm	44	38	57	51	95	95
Minimum anchor spacing	s_{min}	in	1 3/4	1 1/2	2 1/4	2	3 3/4	3 3/4
		mm	44	38	57	51	95	95
Min. hole depth in concrete	h_o	in	2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3 3/8	2 3/4	4 1/4
		mm	51	64	64	86	70	108
Min. Specified Yield Strength	f_{ya}	lb/in ²	55,000					
		N/mm ²	379					
Min. Specified Ultimate Strength	f_{uta}	lb/in ²	75,000					
		N/mm ²	517					
Effective tensile stress area	$A_{se,N}$	in ²	0.032		0.078		0.142	
		mm ²	20.5		50.0		91.5	
Effective shear stress area	$A_{se,V}$	in ²	0.032		0.078		0.142	
		mm ²	20.5		50.0		91.5	
Steel strength in tension	N_{sa}	lb	2385		5815		10645	
		kN	10.6		25.9		47.3	
Steel strength in shear	V_{sa}	lb	1430		2975	3490	4450	6385
		kN	6.4		13.2	15.5	19.8	28.4
Pullout strength, uncracked concrete	$N_{p,uncr}$	lb	See Table 4					
		kN						
Anchor Category			1					
Effectiveness factor k_{uncr} uncracked concrete ⁵			24					
Coefficient for pryout strength	k_{cp}	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.0
Axial stiffness in service load range	β	lb/in	14,651	9,385	17,515	26,424	32,483	26,136
		kN/mm	2.6	1.6	3.1	4.6	5.7	4.6
Coefficient of variation for axial stiffness in service load range			34	47	28	45	17	33
Strength reduction factor for tension, steel failure modes	ϕ	—	0.75					
Strength reduction factor for shear, steel failure modes	ϕ	—	0.65					
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes ⁴	ϕ	—	0.65					
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes ⁴	ϕ	—	0.70					

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 Mpa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch.

¹The data in this table is intended to be used with the design provisions of ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17, as applicable.

²Installation must comply with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions and details, and this report.

³The Trubolt Wedge Anchors are ductile steel elements as defined by ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 2.3, as applicable.

⁴The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3, as applicable, are met.

⁵For all design cases $\psi_{c,N} = 1.0$. The appropriate effectiveness factor for cracked concrete (k_{cr}) or uncracked concrete (k_{uncr}) must be used.

TABLE 4—ITW TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR PULLOUT STRENGTH, $N_{p,uncr}$ ^{1,2}

NOMINAL ANCHOR DIAMETER (in.)	EFFECTIVE EMBEDMENT DEPTH (in.)	CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH			
		f'c = 2,500 psi	f'c = 3,000 psi	f'c = 4,000 psi	f'c = 6,500 psi
1/4	1 1/2	1,392	1,525	1,610	1,822
	2	1,706	1,869	1,947	2,151
3/8	1 3/4	2,198	2,408	2,621	3,153
	2 5/8	3,469	3,800	3,936	4,275
1/2	1 7/8	2,400	2,629	3,172	4,520
	3 3/8	4,168	4,520	4,520	4,520

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa.

¹ Values are for single anchors with no edge distance or spacing reduction.

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3, as applicable, are met.

TABLE 5—EXAMPLE RED HEAD TRUBOLT WEDGE ANCHOR ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) VALUES FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}

NOMINAL ANCHOR DIAMETER (in.)	EFFECTIVE EMBEDMENT DEPTH (in.)	CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH			
		f'c = 2,500 psi	f'c = 3,000 psi	f'c = 4,000 psi	f'c = 6,500 psi
1/4	1 1/2	610	670	705	800
	2	750	820	855	945
3/8	1 3/4	965	1,060	1,150	1,385
	2 5/8	1,525	1,670	1,730	1,880
1/2	1 7/8	1,055	1,155	1,395	1,985
	3 3/8	1,830	1,985	1,985	1,985

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa.

Design assumptions:

¹ Single anchor with static tension load only.

² Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage.

³ Load combinations are in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Section 5.3, as applicable, and no seismic loading.

⁴ 30 percent dead load and 70 percent live load, controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6L.

⁵ Calculation of weighted average for α: 1.2D + 1.6L = 1.2(0.3) + 1.6(0.7) = 1.48.

⁶ f'c = 2,500 psi (normal-weight concrete).

⁷ C_{a1} = C_{a2} >= C_{ac}.

⁸ h >= h_{min}.

⁹ Values are for Condition B where supplementary reinforcement in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c), as applicable, is not provided.

Illustrative Procedure to Calculate Allowable Stress Design Tension Value:

RED HEAD Trubolt Wedge Anchor 1/2 inch diameter using an effective embedment of 3 3/8 inches, assuming the given conditions in [Table 5](#) for $f'_c = 2,500$ psi normal-weight concrete, in accordance with ACI 318-19 Chapter 17, ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

PROCEDURE		CALCULATION
Step 1	Calculate steel strength of a single anchor in tension per ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.1.2, Table 3 of this report	$\phi N_{sa} = \phi N_{sa}$ $= 0.75 * 10,645$ = 7,984 lb (steel strength)
Step 2	Calculate concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension per ACI 318-19 17.6.2.1, ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.2.1, Table 3 of this report	N_b $= 7,440$ lbs $\phi N_{cb} = \phi A_{NC}/A_{NCO} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b$ $= 0.65 * (103/103) * 1.0 * 1.0 * 1.0 * 7,440$ $= 0.65 * 7,440$ = 4,836 lb (concrete breakout strength)
Step 3	Calculate pullout strength in tension per ACI 318-19 17.6.3.2.1 ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.3.2 and Table 5 of this report	$\phi N_{pn} = \phi N_{p,uncr}$ $= 0.65 * 4,168$ = 2,709 lb (pullout strength)
Step 4	Determine controlling resistance strength in tension per ACI 318-19 17.5.2, ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.1.1	= 2,709 lb (controlling resistance)
Step 5	Calculate allowable stress design conversion factor for loading condition per ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Section 5.3:	$\alpha = 1.2D + 1.6L$ $= 1.2(0.3) + 1.6(0.7)$ = 1.48
Step 6	Calculate allowable stress design value per Section 4.2 of this report	$T_{allowable,ASD} = \phi N_n / \alpha$ $= 2,709 / 1.48$ = 1,830 lb (allowable stress design)

FIGURE 4—DESIGN EXAMPLE

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE

Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

ITW RED HEAD

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ITW RED HEAD TRUBOLT CARBON STEEL WEDGE ANCHORS IN CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the RED HEAD Trubolt Wedge Anchors, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-2251, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 *Florida Building Code—Building*
- 2020 *Florida Building Code—Residential*

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The RED HEAD Trubolt Wedge Anchors, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-2251, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*. The design requirements shall be determined in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-2251 for the 2018 *International Building Code*® meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable.

Use of the RED HEAD Trubolt Wedge Anchors for compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone Provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential* has not been evaluated and is outside the scope of this supplement.

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2023.