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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	502 RC-W Elasto-Kote
Alternate Names	502 Base Coat, 502 Finish Coat, 502 RC-W Elasto- Kote, Karna-Flex (502 Seam Sealer)
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r	mixture and uses advised against
Intended use	See Technical Data Sheet.
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee	t
Company Name	Karnak Corporation
	330 Central Ave.
	Clark, NJ 07066 USA
Emergency	www.karnakcorp.com
CHEMTREC (USA)	(800) 424-9300
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	OUTSIDE THE U.S AND CANADA 1-202-483-7616
Customer Service: Karnak Corporation	1-800-526-4236

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Skin Irrit. 3;H316	Causes mild skin irritation. (Not adopted by US OSHA)

2.2. Label elementsUFI#: 8200-U0CW-500A-QNHSUsing the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

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H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic CAS Number: 0064742-95-6	50 - 75	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
Calcium carbonate CAS Number: 0001317-65-3	10 - 25	Not Classified	[1][2]
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated CAS Number: 0069430-35-9	10 - 25	Combustible Dust	[1]
Titanium dioxide CAS Number: 0013463-67-7	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS Number: 0000095-63-6	1.0 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H335 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]



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		Aquatic Chronic 2;H411	
Amorphous fumed silica CAS Number: 0112945-52-5	1.0 - 10	Combustible Dust	[1]
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu CAS Number: 0121888-67-3	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]
Xylene CAS Number: 0001330-20-7	1.0 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[1] Substance classified with a health of environmental
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.
*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

•	
General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then wash with soap and plenty of water.
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
4.2. Most important sy	mptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	 Fumes from product can be unpleasant, may cause nausea, headache and irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns. Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression. Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death. Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation

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including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. **Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure:** Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Skin

Causes mild skin irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam, or dry chemical. Water may be used to cool containers exposed to heat.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Combustion: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen oxides, smokes and fumes.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Minimize breathing vapors, gases or fumes of decomposition products. Do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike or contain spill with earth, floor dry, sand etc. Ventilate the area. Absorb spill with suitable absorbent material and place in a closed container.

Keep product out of sewers and waterways by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers or waterways. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to locations distant from the point of material handling. To prevent from entering buildings or confined areas, close all air intake sources near the material handling or the work area.

Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapors or spray mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Adhere to good hygienic practices. Use with adequate ventilation.

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may Vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizers

Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight and away from heat, sparks, and flame.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

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8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	TWA 25 ppm (125 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0001317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m3 Ceiling: 20 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	STEL 150 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m32B, Revised 2006,
		NIOSH	Footnote ca
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	No Established Limit
	aromatic	ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0069430-35-9	Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers,	OSHA	No Established Limit
	hydrogenated	ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0112945-52-5	Amorphous fumed silica	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0121888-67-3	Quaternary ammonium compounds,	OSHA	No Established Limit
	benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow	ACGIH	No Established Limit
	alkyl)dimethylammoniu	NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

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Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value			
0000095-63-6	0000095-63-6 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0001317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;			
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	aromatic	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0069430-35-9	Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers,	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	hydrogenated	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0112945-52-5	Amorphous fumed silica	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0121888-67-3	Quaternary ammonium	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.
Skin	Solvent impervious gloves Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.
See section 2 for further	details [Prevention]:

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) 9.2. Other information No other relevant information. Light Gray Liquid Mild Petroleum Not determined Not Measured Not Measured 300 - 335 F 107 F min (PMCC) 0.2 (Butyl Acetate = 1, at 77 F) Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured 3 (at 77 F) > 4 (Air = 1) 1.05 - 1.15 (H2O = 1)Insoluble Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Keep away from heat, spark, open flames. Auto-ignition temperature unknown.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong Oxidizers

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

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Combustion: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen oxides, smokes and fumes.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95- 6)	6,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	3,400.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated - (69430- 35-9)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	10,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	10,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	6.82, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene - (95-63-6)	3,400.00, Rat - Category: 5	3,160.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	18.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	No data available
Amorphous fumed silica - (112945-52-5)	3,160.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu - (121888-67-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	4,299.00, Rat - Category: 5	1,548.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	20.00, Rat - Category: NA	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).



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Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	3	Causes mild skin irritation. (Not adopted by US OSHA)
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742- 95-6)	9.22, Oncorhynchus mykiss	6.14, Daphnia magna	19.00 (72 hr), Selenastrum capricornutum
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated - (69430-35-9)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene - (95-63-6)	7.72, Pimephales promelas	3.60, Daphnia magna	Not Available
Amorphous fumed silica - (112945-52-5)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu - (121888-67-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	3.30, Oncorhynchus mykiss	8.50, Palaemonetes pugio	100.00 (72 hr), Chlorococcales

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12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information					
	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA		
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	UN1263	UN1263		
14.2. UN proper shippin name	9				
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: Not Applicable	IMDG: 3 Sub Class:	Air Class: 3		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	III	III		
14.5. Environmental haz	ards				
IMDG M	arine Pollutant: No				
14.6. Special precaution	s for user				
Ν	o further information				

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

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WHMIS Classification B3 US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: Yes Sudden Release of Pressure: No Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Xylene (100.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Ethyl Benzene

Xylene

California Proposition 65 (>0.0%):

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive hazards. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Calcium carbonate

Titanium dioxide

Xylene

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Calcium carbonate

Titanium dioxide

Xylene

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

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The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The information has been completed to the best of our knowledge and is believed to be accurate and reliable as from the date indicated. However, no warranty is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

End of Document