

# Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012 Protective Clothing General Hazard DOT Image: Conformation of the second secon

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier Product name : NEOGARD URETHANE ROOF COATING DARK GRAY Product identity : 473JB16670, 70620 Product type : polyurethane paint

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	buildings and metal industry.
Identified uses :	Industrial/Professional use
TSCA :	Unless otherwise stated. All components are listed or exempted.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	NEOGARD, a Division of Hempel (USA), Inc.
	2728 Empire Central
	Dallas, TX 75235
	Phone number: 1-214-353-1600
	E-mail: hempel@hempel.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

For Transportation Emergencies : (24 hours)	CHEMTREC: <b>1-800-424-9300</b> (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) <b>703-527-3887</b> For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384 To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on shipping papers. If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's 24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.
For all other information :	In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000
(8 AM - 5 PM CST)	See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status :	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
GHS Classification :	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

### 2.2 Label elements



### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :	Danger
Hazard statements :	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements :	
Prevention :	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response :	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage :	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements :	None known.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product definition :	Mixture
Physical state :	Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GHS Classification
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω- hydroxy-, polymer with	9057-91-4	≥25 - ≤50	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene			ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
r,o-uisocyanatometryibenzene			SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
			EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
			(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
aluminium hydroxide	21645-51-2	≥25 - ≤50	Not classified.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes,	64742-48-9	≥5 - ≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics			
1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2-(2-(1-ethylpentyl)	140921-24-0	≥5 - ≤10	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
-3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl)carbamate			SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
2-ethylhexyl diphenyl phosphate	1241-94-7	≥5 - ≤10	Not classified.
quartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	14808-60-7	≥1 - ≤3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
			EXPOSURE) - Category 1
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥1 - ≤3	Not classified.



### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

respirable quartz	14808-60-7	≥1 - ≤3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
			EXPOSURE) - Category 1
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	5989-27-5	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
			SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	<1	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
			SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
			EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
			RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
			SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
			CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
			(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important symptoms a	and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : A

::	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain
	watering
	redness



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media			
Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.		
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture :	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.		
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides		

phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Woid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Woid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections



### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Approx are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used. Contains isocyanates. Exposure to isocyanate may result in acute irritation and/or sensitisation when breathing.

### Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids as well as of amines, alcohols and water. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions. This product may be applied using several application techniques and methods of handling may be different for each. Application techniques include [but are not limited to] brushing, rolling, and spray application [conventional, HPLV, airless, pleural component or aerosol can]. Avoid the breathing of vapors and, if spraying, do not breath spray mist or aerosols.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Juminium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds]
quartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	<ul> <li>TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]</li> <li>TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]</li> <li>TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE]</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</li> </ul>
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
respirable quartz	<ul> <li>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]</li> <li>TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]</li> <li>TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE]</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</li> </ul>
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.



### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Recommended monitoring procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/fumes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

Individual protection measures

General :	Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection :	Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
	Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:
	Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, Viton $^{\circ}$
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
Respiratory protection :	If working areas have insufficient ventilation, wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type Organic Vapor, when grinding use particle filter of type P95, P99 or P100. When spraying use a combined filter (organic vapor / HEPA or organic vapor / P100 type). Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Always wear an air-fed respirator when spraying in a continuous and prolonged work situation (e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter).
Protective clothing (pictograms) :	

Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Color :	Dark Gray
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 60°C (140°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	0.6 - 10.7 vol %
Vapor pressure :	0.009 kPa This is based on data for the following ingredient: Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro- ω-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene
Vapor density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Relative density :	1.28 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Not available.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information	

Solvent(s) % by weight (Included excempt solvent(s)):	15.7 % (w/w)
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content (Coatings) :	1.68 lbs/gal (201.1 g/l)
VOC content (Regulatory) :	1.68 lbs/gal (201.1 g/l)
TOC Content (Volatile):	₩eighted average: 108 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.042 m³/l

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials



### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Isocyanate containing products have characteristics that include producing acute irritation and/or sensitisation when breathing, subsequent asthmatic problems and lung contractions. Sensitised people can, as a result from this, show asthmatic symptoms with exposure to atmospheric concentrations far below the TLV. Repeated exposures will lead to permanent damage to the respiratory system.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
aluminium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexyl diphenyl phosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	7940 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15800 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.47 mg/l	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male,	0.107 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4130 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1415.7 mg/kg
Dermal	3114.54 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.25 mg/l

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 10 Percent
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		500 milligrams

### **Carcinogen Classification**



### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
puartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	+
titanium dioxide	2B	-	-
respirable quartz	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	+
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	3	-	-
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	-

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
quartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	Category 1		lungs
respirable quartz	Category 1		lungs

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential chronic health effects

Sensitization : Contains (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene, m-tolylidene diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-ethylhexyl diphenyl phosphate	Acute LC50 0.12 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 150 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.018 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 688 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Acute EC50 4300 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.5 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 133 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability



### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum	
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	OECD 302C Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)	0 % - Not readily - 28 days		-		-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic hal	f-life	Photolysis		Bi	odegradability	
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	-		-		Not readil	У	

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	-	10 - 2500	high
2-ethylhexyl diphenyl phosphate	5.61	934	high
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	4.38	-	high
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	3.43	-	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	No known data avaliable in our database.
(K <sub>oc</sub> ) :	
Mobility :	No known data avaliable in our database.

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.



### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

DOT Code	UN1263	PAINT	3-	III	No.	<b>Reportable quantity</b> (m-tolylidene diisocyanate) 26747.1 lbs / 12143.2 kg [2506.2 gal / 9486.9 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Code	UN1263	PAINT	3-	Ш	No.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
SCT Code	UN1263	PAINT	3-	111	No.	-
IMDG Code	UN1263	PAINT	3 -	III	No.	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
IATA Code	UN1263	PAINT	3-	III	No.	-

Code : Classification

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations :

All components are active or exempted. TSCA 4(a) final test rules: nonane

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: silica/polydimethylsiloxane reactionproduct; nonane; methyl formate TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: m-tolylidene diisocyanate TSCA 12(b) one-time export: m-tolylidene diisocyanate

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: benzene; ethylbenzene

Fean Water Act (CWA) 311: phosphoric acid; xylene; benzene; ethylbenzene

### Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
2-/2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	124-17-4	5.7534
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	0.043477
xylene	1330-20-7	0.0043541
benzene	71-43-2	0.0037387
methanol	67-56-1	0.001338

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed



### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

SARA	311/31	2 Classi	fication	•
	011/0	2 010331	loadon	

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Product/ingredient name	%	Classification
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω- hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	≥25 - ≤50	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≥5 - ≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2-(2-(1-ethylpentyl) -3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl)carbamate	≥5 - ≤10	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
quartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	≥1 - ≤3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
respirable quartz	≥1 - ≤3	CARČINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	<1	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Ćategory 1 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### SARA 313 :

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### Form R - Reporting requirements :

Product/ingredient name CAS number Concentration 124-17-4 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate 5 - 10 m-tolylidene diisocyanate 26471-62-5 0 - 1 Product/ingredient name CAS number Concentration 124-17-4 26471-62-5 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate 5 - 10 0 - 1 m-tolvlidene diisocvanate

State regulations :

Supplier notification :

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed. Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed. Florida substances: None of the components are listed. Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed. Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed. Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed. Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; TITANIUM DIOXIDE: SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed. Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New Jersev Spill: None of the components are listed. New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS; SILICA, QUARTZ; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; SILICA, QUARTZ; TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (mixed isomers): CARBON BLACK New York Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: QUARTZ DUST; TITANIUM OXIDE: QUARTZ DUST

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.



### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

California Prop. 65 PFF :

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline, Titanium dioxide, Silica, crystalline, Toluene diisocyanate, Carbon black and Ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
quartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	Yes.	No.		
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.		
respirable quartz	Yes.	No.		
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	Yes.	No.	Yes.	
carbonblack	Yes.	No.		
benzene	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
methanol	No.	Yes.		Yes.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Remarks :

Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal, State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations. Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.

Validation :

Validated by US - HSE Products Coordinator on 19 December 2023

### **GHS Classification**

Procedure used to derive the classification.

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

## Personal protection

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since conditions vary from one work location to another consult the facility safety & health program. Customer or end user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and determine the appropriate PPE suitable for workers at that particular facility or location.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms :

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ANSI = American National Standards Institute HCS = Hazardous Communication System BCF = Bioconcentration Factor TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act CFR = Code of federal Regulations GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. NTP = National Toxicology Program ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

- DOT = United States Department of Transportation ERG = Emergency Response Guide
  - TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods, Canada
  - SCT = Transportation & Communications Ministry, Mexico IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
  - IATA = International Air Transport Association
  - SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act
  - EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

### Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.