

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	:	Matchcrete Clear – Part B
Recommended use	:	Part of decorative concrete repair system
Company	:	Roadware Incorporated
Address	:	381 Bridgepoint Way
		South Saint Paul, MN 55075
Phone	:	651-457-6122
Emergency Telephone Numbers	:	Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924
Restrictions on use	:	For professional or industrial use only

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids	4
Skin irritation	2
Eye irritation	2A
Skin Sensitizer	1



### Hazard Statements:

H227	Combustible liquid.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary statements:

Wear protective gloves. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, vapors or spray. Contaminated clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response statements:

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If on skin: Rinse skin with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.



### Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

## Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

This product is a mixture.

### **Hazardous Components**

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Concentration
136210-30-5	Aspartic Ester	20-30%
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy	4-6%
98-06-6	Butylbenzene, tert-	0-3%
527-53-7	Benzene, 1,2,3,5-tertramethyl-	0-1%

Specific chemical identities and exact percentages may have been withheld as a trade secret or CBI in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (i). Other non hazardous ingredients per this standard may not be listed.

### 4. First Aid Measures

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General Advice	Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or administering first aid. Wear protective clothing and gloves. See section 8 for recommendations. Remove contaminated clothing. Move to a well ventilated area or outdoors.
Skin Contact	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation or rash develops. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists get medical advise/attention
Inhalation	If inhaled, move affected persons to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Treatment is symptomatic for primary irritation or bronchospasm. If breathing is labored, qualified personnel should administer oxygen.
Ingestion	If swallowed, get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	Most important symptoms and effects are described in section 2 and/or section 11. Exposure to high vapor concentrations of heavy aromatic solvents can cause central nervous system depression, dizziness, light headedness, headache, nausea, and loss of coordination.
Notes to Physician	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later. Potential for chemical pneumonitis, treat appropriately.

### 5. Firefighting Measures

Dry chemical, Carbon Dioxide (CO2), alcohol resistant foam, water fog.
Avoid high volume water jet, may spread fire.
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Produces oxides of carbon and nitrogen as well as isocyanates. Combustion products may be toxic and/or irritating. Avoid smoke.
Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. PVC boots, gloves, safety helmet and protective clothing should be worn.
Due to reaction with water producing CO2 gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed. Containers may burst if overheated.



## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal protection	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Isolate the area. Keep upwind avoiding inhalation of vapors. Clean up should only be performed by trained personnel. People dealing with major spillages should wear full protective clothing including respiratory protection. Use suitable protective equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	Contain and adsorb large spillages onto an inert, non-flammable adsorbent carrier (such as earth, vermiculite or sand). Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination if necessary.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do no ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Keep tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.
Safe storage temperature	60 - 100° F

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

CAS Number	Component	Value type	Limit / Standard	Notes	Source
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy	TWA	500 ppm 2000 mg/m3		OSHA Z1
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy	TWA	200 mg/m3	Total hydrocarbons	ACGIH
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy	TWA	400 ppm 1600 mg/m3		OSHA P0

Preventive Measures	Conditions of use, adequacy of engineering or other control measures and actual exposures will dictate the need for specific protective devices at your workplace.
Engineering Controls	Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations below the TLV. Suitable respiratory equipment should be used in cases of insufficient ventilation or where operational procedures demand it. For guidance on engineering control measures refer to publications such as the ACGIH current edition of 'Industrial Ventilation, a manual of Recommended Practice.'
Personal Protection	
Eyes	Chemical safety goggles. If there is a potential for splashing, use a full face shield.
Skin	Protective clothing should be selected and used in accordance with 'Guidelines for the
	Selection of Chemical Protective Clothing' published by ACGIH.
Respiratory	When the product is sprayed or heated without adequate ventilation, an approved MSHA/NIOSH positive pressure, supplied-air respirator may be required. Air purifying respirators equipped with organic vapor cartridges and a HEPA (P100) particulate filter may be used under certain conditions when a cartridge change-out schedule has been developed in accordance with OSHA respiratory protection standard (29 CFR 1910.134).



HandsChemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn<br/>at all times when handling chemical products. Nitrile rubber has shown good results. Thin<br/>latex or vinyl disposable gloves should be avoided. Consult with producers of protective<br/>gloves for suitability.Other ProtectionConsult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling instructions.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

3. Filysical and Chemical Fil	
General Information	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Clear
Odor	Amine – ammonia like
Odor Threshold	Not available
PH	Not available
Boiling point	> 350 °F
Melting point	Not available
Flash point	> 145 °F PMCC
Explosive properties	Non-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: Open flames,
	sparks, static discharge, shocks and mechanical impacts.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 840 °F
Evaporation Rate	Very slow
Relative density	0.95
Vapor pressure	Not available
Vapor density	Not Available
Viscosity	100 - 130 cps
VOC content	Not Available

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability and reactivity	Stable at room temperature.
Conditions of instability	Avoid high temperatures.
Incompatibility with various	Strong oxidizing agents, unintended isocyanates .
substances	
Hazardous polymerization	Polymerization may occur with incompatible reactants, especially strong oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition	Combustion products may include: carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NO,
products	NO2), hydrocarbons and other undetermined components.

### 11. Toxicological Information

No product specific toxicological information is available. Data obtained on components are summarized below.

Component				
136210-30-5	Aspartic ester			
	Likely routes of exposure: Skin contact, inhalation, eye contact			
Acute Toxicity	Oral: LD50: > 2000 mg/kg (rat)			
	Inhalation: LC50: > 4.2 mg/l (rat)			
	Dermal: LD50: > 2000 mg/kg (rat)			
	Data based upon results from comparable product			
Skin Corrosion	Slight skin irritation			
Skin Irritation	Data based upon results from comparable product			
Eye Damage	Slight eye irritation (rabbit)			
Eye Irritation	Data based upon results from comparable product			
Respiratory or	Skin sensitizer			
Skin sensitization	Magnusson/Kligmann test: guinea pig, positive.			
	Data based upon results from comparable product.			
Carcinogenicity	Not considered a human carcinogen as defined by the IARC, NTP, or OSHA.			



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Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No indication of mutagenic effects			
Reproductive toxicity	No data available			
Target Organ Systematic Toxicity – Single Exposure	No data available			
Target Organ Systematic Toxicity – Repeated Exposure	No data available			
Aspiration Toxicity	No data available			
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy			
Acute Toxicity	Likely routes of exposure: Skin contact, inhalation, eye contact Inhalation: Minimally toxic. Exposure to levels exceeding the TLV or PEL may result in central nervous system depression. Symptoms include drowsiness, dizziness and loss of coordination. Oral: Minimally toxic. May cause gastro-intestinal pain, coughing, headache, dizziness,			
	diarrhea, nausea, vomiting and unconsciousness. <i>Dermal</i> : Minimally toxic. May cause dryness leading to itching and dermatitis. Toxicity estimates: Inhalation: LC50, rat, male/female > 4600 mg/m3 / 4 hrs Orable LD50, rat, male/female > 5000 mg/kg			
	Oral: LD50, rat, male/female: > 5000 mg/kg Dermal: LD50, rabbit, > 3000 mg/kg			
Skin Corrosion Skin Irritation	Causes skin irritation, redness, dryness or roughness. Not considered a skin corrosive			
Eye Damage Eye Irritation	Irritating to eyes. Not expected to cause serious eye damage			
Respiratory or Skin sensitization	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Did not cause sensitization in laboratory animals.			
Carcinogenicity	Not identified as a human carcinogen as defined by the IARC, NTP, or OSHA.			
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Negative			
Reproductive toxicity	No reproductive effects. No teratogenic effects on fetal development.			
Target Organ Systematic Toxicity – Single Exposure	Inhalation: Central nervous system, May cause drowsiness and/or dizziness. Possible narcotic effects including nausea and vomiting when over exposed to levels beyond the TLV or PEL.			
Target Organ Systematic Toxicity – Repeated Exposure	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on the physical-chemical properties of this material when compared with test data from similar compounds			
Aspiration Toxicity	Aspiration into the lungs if swallowed or when vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.			
98-06-6	Butylbenzene, tert-			
527-53-7	Benzene, 1,2,3,5-tertramethyl- Likely routes of exposure: Skin contact, inhalation, eye contact			
Acute Toxicity	No data available			
Skin Corrosion Skin Irritation	No data available			
Eye Damage Eye Irritation	No data available			
Respiratory or Skin sensitization	No data available			
Carcinogenicity	Not identified as a human carcinogen as defined by the IARC, NTP, or OSHA.			



Germ Cell	No data available
Mutagenicity	
Reproductive toxicity	No data available
Target Organ	No data available
Systematic Toxicity –	
Single Exposure	
Target Organ	No data available
Systematic Toxicity –	
Repeated Exposure	
Aspiration Toxicity	No data available

# 12. Ecological Information

No product specific ecological information is available. Data obtained on components are summarized below.

Component	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha, heavy
Persistence and degradability	In aquatic environments this component does not readily biodegrade. Readily biodegrades into the atmosphere, soils.
Mobility	No data available
Bioaccumulation	Not likely to bioaccumulate
Ecotoxicity effects	No data available
Aquatic toxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff from contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Improper or unprofessional handling or disposal can create an environmental hazard.

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-product should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Contaminated containers should be emptied. Do not reuse containers. Do not burn or use a cutting torch on empty containers.
U.S. EPA RCRA	EPA resource recovery act (RCRA) composite list of hazardous wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous constituents (40 CFR 261): Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste as defined by 40 CFR 261.2.

#### 14. Transportation Information

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Regulatory	UN Number	Proper Shipping	Class	PG*	Label	Additional information
Information		Name				
DOT	Not regulated					
Classification	-					
TDG	Not regulated					
Classification	-					
IMDG/IMO Class	Not regulated					
IATA-ICAO Class	Not regulated					

### 15. Regulatory Information

United States Federal Regulations	
U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA 8b)	All components are listed or exempted.
CERCLA – reportable quantity, calculated	No components
SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances RQ	Does not contain any components subject to 304 EHS RQ



SARA 311 / 312	Acute health hazard	
	Chronic health hazard	
EPA Community Right To Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title	No components	
III Section 313, components requiring notification.		
Clean Air Act, Components listed as HAP	No components	
Clean Water Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A	No components	
Clean Water Act, Section 311, Table 117.3	No components	
Clean Water Act, Section 307	No components	
California Prop 65	No components	
DRC Conflict materials	Based upon information from our suppliers this product is	
	"DRC Conflict Free" as defined by the SEC Conflict	
	Minerals Final Rule.	

Canadian Regulations	
WHMIS (Canada)	CAS 64742-94-5 Solvent Naphtha
	Class B3, D-2B
CEPA (DSL)	Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

### 16. Other Information

While the information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, *NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.* 

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERIMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Disclaimer:

The data set forth in this sheet is based on information provided by the suppliers of raw materials and chemicals used in the manufacture of the aforementioned product. Roadware Incorporated makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information provided by their suppliers, and disclaims all liability of reliance thereof.