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SECTION 04 05 13.91 TUCKPOINT MORTARING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Standard tuckpoint mortar for existing masonry.
- Colored tuckpoint mortar for existing masonry.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 04 01 20.91 Unit Masonry Restoration.
- B. Section 04 05 13 Masonry Mortaring and Grout
- C. Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
- D. Section 04 21 00 Clay Unit Masonry
- E. Section 04 22 00 Concrete Unit Masonry
- F. Section 04 43 00 Stone Masonry

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
 - 1. ACI 530.1-02 Specification for Masonry Structures.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):
 - 1. ASTM C 144 Standard Specification for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar.
 - 2. ASTM C 150 Standard Specification for Portland Cement.
 - 3. ASTM C 207 Standard Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes.
 - 4. ASTM C 260 Standard Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
 - 5. ASTM C 270 Standard Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry.
 - 6. ASTM C 595 Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements.
 - ASTM C 780 Standard Test Method for Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Masonry.
 - $8. \quad ASTM \ C \ 979 Standard \ Specification \ for \ Pigments \ for \ Integrally \ Colored \ Concrete.$
 - 9. ASTM C 1093 Standard Practice for Accreditation of Testing Agencies for Unit Masonry.
 - 10. ASTM C 1157 Standard Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement.
 - 11. ASTM C 1314 Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Masonry Prisms.
 - 12. ASTM C 1586 Standard Guide for Quality Assurance of Mortars.
 - 13. ASTM C 1714 Standard Specification for Pre-blended Dry Mortar Mix for Unit Masonry.

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- 14. ASTM E 329 Specification for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Materials used in Construction.
- 15. ASTM E 514 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration and Leakage Through Masonry.
- C. International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council (IMIAC):
 - IMIAC International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council (IMIAC): Recommended Practices and Guide Specifications for Cold Weather Masonry Construction.
 - IMIAC International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council (IMIAC): Recommended Practices and Guide Specifications for Hot Weather Masonry Construction.
- D. National Concrete Masonry Association (NCMA):
 - 1. NCMA TEK Bulletin #8-2A Removal of Stains from Concrete Masonry.
 - 2. NCMA TEK Bulletin #8-3A Control and Removal of Efflorescence.
- E. The Brick Industry Association (BIA):
 - 1. BIA Technical Note 20 Cleaning Brick.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Design and Performance Requirements: Provide mortar mixes that have been selected, manufactured, mixed and installed to comply with the following:
 - 1. ASTM C 270.
 - 2. ASTM C 1714.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data.
- C. Samples: Submit selection and verification samples of colored mortar.
- D. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - 1. Submit manufacturer's certificates that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
 - 2. Submit test results prepared by a qualified independent testing laboratory.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Firm specializing in manufacture of masonry installation materials, including mortars, with minimum 10 years experience.
- B. Quality Assurance/Control Testing: Test Reports prepared by a qualified independent laboratory indicating compliance with the following performance requirements:
 - 1. Mortar samples tested in accordance with ASTM C 270.
 - 2. Mortar samples tested in accordance with ASTM C 780.
- C. Pre-Installation Meeting: At least three weeks prior to commencing masonry work conduct a meeting at the project site to discuss contract requirements and job conditions; require the attendance of masonry contractor, and installers of related materials; notify Architect in advance of meeting.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Storage and Protection: Cementitious materials shall be manufactured and stored off the ground, under cover and shall be kept dry in accordance with ASTM C1714.



1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain environmental conditions and protect work during and after installation to comply with referenced standards and manufacturer's printed recommendations.
 - Cold Weather Requirements: In accordance with "Recommended Practices and Guide Specifications for Cold Weather Masonry Construction" by IMIAC.
 - Hot Weather Requirements: "Recommended Practices and Guide Specifications for Hot Weather Masonry Construction" by IMIAC.
- B. Do not build or apply mortar products on frozen substrates.
 - 1. Remove and replace mortar damaged by frost or by freezing conditions.
- C. Vent temporary heaters to exterior to prevent damage to masonry work from carbon dioxide build-up.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: SPEC MIX®, Inc., which is located at: 1230 Eagan Industrial Road, Suite 160, Eagan, MN 55121; Toll Free Tel: 888-SPEC-MIX (773-2649); Tel: 651-994-7120; Email: request info (info@specmix.com); Web: www.specmix.com
- B. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01 25 00 Substitution Procedures.
- C. Obtain products from a single manufacturer.

2.2 MORTAR

- A. **Tuckpoint Mortar**: SPEC MIX Tuckpoint Mortar is a specialized blend of Portland cement, hydrated lime and dried masonry sand specifically formulated for superior bond and tooling characteristics when applied in tuckpointing applications.
 - Applicable Standards: ASTM C 144, ASTM C 150, ASTM C 207, ASTM C 270 for tuckpoint mortar, ASTM C 595, ASTM C 780, ASTM C 1093, ASTM C 1157, ASTM C 1314, ASTM C 1586, ASTM C 1714, ACI 530.1, IMIAC.
- B. Colored Tuckpoint Mortar: SPEC MIX Tuckpoint Mortar Color is a specialized blend of Portland cement, hydrated lime, dried masonry sand and color pigment specifically formulated for superior bond and tooling characteristics when applied in tuckpointing applications.
 - 1. Pigments:
 - a. Natural and synthetic, milled, blended iron oxides.
 - b. Carbon added for darker colors shall not exceed 4 percent.
 - c. Produce uniform and consistent color.
 - d. Inert, stable to atmospheric conditions, sunfast, weather resistant, alkali resistant, water insoluble, lime proof and nonbleeding.
 - e. Free of deleterious fillers and extenders.
 - 2. Color: Custom color.
 - 3. Applicable Standards: ASTM C 144, ASTM C 150, ASTM C 207, ASTM C 270 for tuckpoint mortar, ASTM C 595, ASTM C 780, ASTM C 979, ASTM C 1093, ASTM C 1157, ASTM C 1314, ASTM C 1586, ASTM C 1714, ACI 530.1, IMIAC.

2.3 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Water: Clean and free from deleterious acids, alkalis, and organic matter.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine surfaces to receive masonry work and conditions under which masonry will be installed.
- B. Do not proceed with masonry work until surfaces and conditions comply with requirements indicated in referenced masonry installation standard and manufacturer's printed instructions.

3.2 REMOVAL OF EXISTING MORTAR

- A. Removal of Existing Mortar: Cut out existing mortar joints (both bed and head joints) and remove by means of a toothing chisel or a special pointer's grinder, to a uniform depth of to 3/4-inch (19 mm), or until sound mortar is reached.
 - 1. Take care to not damage edges of existing masonry units to remain.
- B. Remove dust and debris from the joints by brushing, blowing with air or rinsing with water. Do not rinse when temperature is below freezing.

3.3 REPLACEMENT OF MASONRY UNITS

- A. Remove damaged, spalled, or deteriorated masonry units. Carefully demolish or remove entire units from joint to joint, without damaging surrounding masonry, in a manner that permits replacement with full size units.
- B. Support and protect remaining masonry that surrounds removal area. Maintain flashing, reinforcement, lintels, and adjoining construction in an undamaged condition.
- C. Clean masonry units surrounding removal areas by removing mortar, dust, and loose particles in preparation for replacement.
- D. Replace removed units with new units that match existing. Do not use broken units unless they can be cut to usable size
- E. Install replacement units into bonding and coursing pattern of existing units. If cutting is required, use a motor-driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp, unchipped edges.
- F. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing joints.
- G. Lay replacement units with completely filled bed, head, and collar joints. Butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into place.

3.4 MIXING

- A. Mixing: As recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Retempering:
 - 1. Retemper mortar by adding additional mixing water only to replace water lost due to evaporation.
 - 2. Do not retemper colored mortars.
 - 3. Discard mortar 2.5 hours after initial mixing.
- C. Colored Mortar: Consistency of appearance shall be maintained throughout the project.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF TUCK POINTING MORTAR

A. Install mortar in accordance with ACI/ASCE-530.1:

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- B. Immediately prior to application of mortar, dampen joints to be tuck pointed. Prior to application of pointing mortar, allow masonry units to absorb surface water.
- C. Tightly pack mortar into joints in thin layers, approximately 1/4-inch (6 mm) thick maximum.
- D. Allow layer to become "thumbprint hard" before applying next layer.
- E. Pack final layer flush with surfaces of masonry units. When mortar becomes "thumbprint hard", tool joints.
- F. Hairline cracking within the mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.

3.6 TOOLING OF JOINTS

- A. Tool joints with a jointing tool to produce a smooth, compacted, concaved joint.
- B. Tool joints in patch work with a jointing tool to match the existing surrounding joints.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Comply with cleaning procedures and recommendations of the manufacturers of both the cleaning solution and the unit masonry.
- B. Remove efflorescence from masonry wall exposed in the finished work in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation, NCMA TEK Bulletin #8-3A and/or BIA Technical Note 20 – Cleaning Brick
- C. Remove dirt or stains from masonry walls exposed in the finished work in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, NCMA TEK Bulletin #8-2A and/or BIA Technical Note 20 – Cleaning Brick.
- D. Comply with applicable environmental laws and restrictions.
- E. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water, spray applied at low pressure.
 - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
 - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protection: Protect newly pointed joints from rain, until pointed joints are sufficiently hard enough to prevent damage.
- B. Cold Weather Protection:
 - 1. Tuck pointing may be performed in freezing weather when methods of protection are utilized.
 - Comply with applicable sections of "Recommended Practices for Cold Weather Construction" as published by International Masonry Industry All Weather Council.
 - 3. Existing surfaces at temperatures to prevent mortar from freezing or causing other damage to mortar.
 - Protect installed work from damage due to subsequent construction activity on the site.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests:



- 1. Frequency: As determined by the Architect based upon total time for construction of masonry with not less than two tests per each level of masonry construction, foundation to roof or floors.
- Testing Laboratory: Independent of the Owner, Architect and Contractor; the testing laboratory, in addition to meeting requirements of ASTM E-329, and must be an approved laboratory competent to perform cement physical testing. All tests must be performed in strict accordance with the applicable ASTM standard.
- 3. Distribution of Results of Tests: Within 24 hours of results of tests, copies of the results shall be submitted to the Architect, Contractor, masonry contractor, and the grout supplier if applicable.

B. Mortar Testing:

- 1. Testing per ASTM C 780 when the property specification is specified.
- When the proportion specification is specified, field quality control shall be performed by inspection only.
- 3. For determining hardened mortar properties, prepare three test specimens for each test age and property. A strength test shall be the average of the strengths of the specimens at the age specified.
- 4. Specimens shall be tested at 7 and 28 days.
- 5. In case of dispute, the mortar proportions must be tested in accordance with the property specification of ASTM C 270.

END OF SECTION