

Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015

## **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name : POLYROOF LV 5 U.S. GAL (19L)

Product code : 361590 805

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated

3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST Emergency Phone : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

## **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Black. Paste. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

### **Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry**

Inhalation : May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and

fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system.

Eyes : Direct contact may cause moderate irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary

redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation. May cause itching, reddening, inflammation. May cause a

rash. May cause sensitization.

#### **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

1/8

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with asphalt may result in skin sensitivity, such as irritation, rashes, and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other volatiles which are contained in trace amounts in asphalt have been shown to cause cancer or respiratory damage in animals. Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. Carbon black is classified by IARC to be a known animal carcinogen and a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B). Coal tar and pitch may cause rashes, skin sensitivity, or changes to skin pigmentation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may increase the risk of skin, bladder, kidney and respiratory cancer unless suitable engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment is used. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with thermally cracked petroleum distillates in these products may result in irritation and dermatitis. Although a direct association between thermally cracked petroleum distillates and cancer or other lung disease has not been established in man, thermally cracked petroleum distillates may contain variable amounts of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNA's) and other volatiles which have been shown to cause cancer and





Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

**REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015** 

respiratory damage in animals. May produce a phototoxic reaction when contaminated skin is exposed to sunlight.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve

## **SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Asphalt	8052-42-4	30.0 - 60.0
Xylene	1330-20-7	15.0 - 40.0
Styrene-butadiene copolymers	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5132P	15.0 - 40.0
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	5.0 - 10.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0 - 10.0
Coal tar pitch	65996-93-2	3.0 - 7.0
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1.0
Hydrodesulfurized middle distillate	64742-80-9	0.1 - 1.0
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1 - 1.0
Fluorathene	206-44-0	0.1 - 1.0
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.1 - 1.0

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation : Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get

medical attention.

Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other

disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

## **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point : Not available. Method : Not available.

Burning rate : Flammable solid
Lower explosion limit : Not available.

Upper explosion limit : Not available.

Autoignition temperature : Not available.

Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion : Smoke, fumes.Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form.Oxides of

products sulfur can form.

Protective equipment for : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective

firefighters clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).



Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015

Fire and explosion conditions : Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may

travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Empty containers may contain

ignitable vapors.

## **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Do not use in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Store under dry warehouse conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or

supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's

directions for respirator use.

Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face

shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily

available.

Skin and body protection : Prevent contact with shoes and clothing.

Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.Inspect and replace

equipment at regular intervals.

Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed

areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Asphalt	8052-42-4	ACGIH TWA: benzene solubles	0.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.as
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH TWA: OSHA TWA:	3 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 0.8 mg/m3	Respirable particles. Inhalable particles.



Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

**REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015** 

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm	
		ACGIH STEL:	125 ppm	
Coal tar pitch	65996-93-2	ACGIH TWA: solubles	0.2 mg/m3	Aerosol.as benzene
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH TWA:	3.5 mg/m3	
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH TWA:	20 ppm	
		OSHA TWA:	200 ppm	

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Paste Color : Black Odor : Aromatic рΗ : Not available. Vapour pressure : Not available. : Heavier than air Vapor density : Not available. Melting point/range Freezing point : Not available. : 371 °C, 700 °F Boiling point/range Water solubility : Negligible Specific Gravity : 0.98 % Volatile Weight : 27 %

## **SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents.

Stability : Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.

Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur under normal conditions.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Asphalt, CAS-No.: 8052-42-4

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) > 94.4 mg/m3 ( Rat ) > 2,000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )

Xylene, CAS-No.: 1330-20-7



Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

**REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015** 

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 4,300 mg/kg (Rat) 5,627 mg/kg (Mouse) 3,523 mg/kg (

Rat ) 5,251 mg/kg (Mouse ) > 4,000 mg/kg (Rat )

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) for 4 h (Rat) 9,480 mg/m3 ( Mouse ) 11,580 mg/m3 (Mouse ) for 4 h (Rat ) for 4 h (

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 12,126 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Amorphous silica, CAS-No.: 7631-86-9 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

22,500 mg/kg (Rat) 15,000 mg/kg (Mouse) 40,000 mg/kg (Rat) 10,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 3,160 mg/kg (Mouse) > 5,620mg/kg (Rat) > 3,300 mg/kg (Rat) > 20,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 10,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

> 2.2 mg/l for 1 h (Rat) >= 0.69 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) >= 2.08Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

mg/l for 4 h (Rat) >= 0.14 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 0.69 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 0.14 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) > 2.08 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat ) >= 58.8 mg/l for 4 h (Rat ) > 58.8 mg/l for 4 h (Rat )

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4

5,460 mg/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) 3.5 g/kg (Rat) 5.46 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

g/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat)

(Rat) 35.5 mg/l (Mouse) (Mouse) 55 mg/l (Rat) for Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

20 min (Mouse) (Rat) (Mouse) (Guinea pig) for 4 h

(Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 20,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Coal tar pitch, CAS-No.: 65996-93-2 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

> 15,000 mg/kg (Rat) Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 2,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rat)

Carbon Black, CAS-No.: 1333-86-4 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

> 8,000 mg/kg (Rat) > 15,400 mg/kg (Rat) > 10,000 mg/kg

(Rat) > 10,000 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

> 4.6 mg/m 3 for 4 h (Rat) > 10 mg/m 3 for 4 h (Rat) > 1mg/m3 for 7 h4.6 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) 1 mg/m3 for 7 h

Hydrodesulfurized middle distillate, CAS-No.: 64742-80-9

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

7,640 mg/m3 for 4 h (Rat) 1.72 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 1.78 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 4.6 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 1.82 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Toluene, CAS-No.: 108-88-3

2,600 - 7,500 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) 5,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

(Rat) 5,580 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,580 mg/kg (Rat) > 5,000

mg/kg (Rat)

26,700 mg/l for 1 h (Rat) 400 mg/l for 24 h (Mouse) 5.320 Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) mg/l for 8 h (Mouse) for 6 h (Mouse) for 6 h (Rat) 12.5

- 28.8 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) for 8 h (Mouse) 30 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat ) 28.1 mg/l for 4 h (Rat ) 25.7 mg/l for 4 h (Rat )

12,124 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

Fluorathene, CAS-No.: 206-44-0

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 3,180 mg/kg (Rabbit)



Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015

## **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

#### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in

compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

### CFR / DOT:

UN1325, Flammable solids, organic, n.o.s. (Xylene), 4.1, PG III

TDG:

UN1325, FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Xylene), 4.1, PG III

IMDG:

UN1325, FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Xylene), 4.1, PG III

### **Further Information:**

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

## **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:** 

SARA 313 Components : Xylene 1330-20-7

Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

 Asphalt
 8052-42-4

 Xylene
 1330-20-7

 Amorphous silica
 7631-86-9

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Coal tar pitch
 65996-93-2





Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

**REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015** 

Carbon Black 1333-86-4
Hydrodesulfurized middle distillate 64742-80-9
Toluene 108-88-3
Fluorathene 206-44-0
Phenanthrene 85-01-8

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant hazardous based on the Carcinogen

following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and

exempt solvent)

: 274 g/l

VOC Method 310 : 27.94 %

Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen:
Coal tar pitch 65996-93-2
Carbon Black 1333-86-4
Hydrodesulfurized middle distillate 64742-80-9

### **U.S. State Regulations:**

MASS RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4

 Xylene
 1330-20-7

 Amorphous silica
 7631-86-9

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Coal tar pitch
 65996-93-2

Penn RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4

Xylene 1330-20-7

Styrene-butadiene copolymers NJ TSRN# 51721300-5132P

Amorphous silica 7631-86-9 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 Coal tar pitch 65996-93-2

NJ RTK Components : Asphalt 8052-42-4

Xylene 1330-20-7

Styrene-butadiene copolymers NJ TSRN# 51721300-5132P

Amorphous silica 7631-86-9
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4
Coal tar pitch 65996-93-2
Carbon Black 1333-86-4
Hydrodesulfurized middle distillate 64742-80-9

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm



Version 2.0 Print Date 05/12/2015

REVISION DATE: 05/08/2015

## **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **HMIS Rating:**

Health	2	0 = Minimum
Flammability	2	1 = Slight
Reactivity	1	2 = Moderate
PPE		3 = Serious
		4 = Severe

#### **Further information:**

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

## Prepared by: Rich Mikol

### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

**DOT - Department of Transportation** 

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information

Syster