

# **TREMCO**<sup>®</sup>

**ROOFING & BUILDING MAINTENANCE**



## **Tremco TPA Installation Manual**



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## Products and Systems

### Notes to installer:

The Tremco Tri-Polymer Alloy (TPA) Roof System is a Thermoplastic, high reflective, light- weight, Energy Star and California Title 24 compliant roof system. The TPA Roof System can be mechanically attached, ballasted or fully adhered. This hand book should be used as a reference to provide general application procedures and product information, and should not replace the project specification.

**For technical assistance**, Tremco encourages the use of the Tremco Technical Service Group for project start-ups, in-progress inspections, and final project inspections. Tremco Technical Service personnel will conduct the final inspection utilizing the current manual, project specifications, and published Tremco standards. In any case where a deviation from approved installation techniques becomes necessary due to unforeseen job conditions, contact the Tremco Technical Department for approval prior to initiating any changes.

*Tremco's issuance of any product specific warranty on its TPA or other systems is conditioned on the contractor meeting its responsibility to install the systems in accordance with Tremco's published recommendations and instructions, as well as good roofing practices.*

### Specifications:

The TPA roof system can be used in a wide variety of roof applications. As with any roofing installation, application requirements can change from project to project. The project specification is the primary document for directions as to the proper installation of the TPA roof system.

Specifications for TPA roof systems may be obtained from your local Field Representative.

Approved systems include, but are not limited to:

- Fully adhered
- Mechanically attached
- Ballasted
- Vegetated assemblies
- IRMA systems

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure the roof system is installed per specification and per local codes. Failure to do so could result in non-compliant roofing system.

**Materials:**

TPA Roll Weights Standard:

45 mil / 78" x 108' 220 lbs.

60 mil / 78" x 90' 240 lbs.

80 mil / 78" x 75' 255 lbs.

45 mil / 120" x 100' 313 lbs.

60 mil / 120" x 100' 410 lbs.

80 mil / 120" x 100' 523 lbs.

TPA Fleece Back Roll Weights:

45 mil / 76" x 90' 180 lbs.

60 mil / 76" x 90' 258 lbs.

80 mil / 76" x 75' 250 lbs

TPA Perimeter Rolls:

45 mil / 39" x 108'

60 mil / 39" x 90'

80 mil / 39" x 75'

TPA Flashings:

Available in 12" x 50'; 24" x 50'; 30" x 50'

Full line of adhesives and accessories available.

### **Material handling and storage:**

1. Deliver all materials and/or packages to the jobsite in the manufacturer's original unopened containers with legible labels. Protect material from moisture with tarpaulin (not plastic.) Remove shipping plastic to prevent moisture condensation.
2. Always store TPA / TPO membrane on its side. Never store the membrane on end; to prevent edge damage. Store and transport rolls in such a manner as to prevent bending of the inner core.
3. Protect all materials from temperature extremes. Do not allow solvent containing materials to be exposed to high temperatures, open flames, or sparks.
4. Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected location. Must be stored within the required storage temperatures.
5. Conform to manufacturer's recommendations and material handling and storage specifications. Be sure not to store rolls in such a manner as to exceed structural live loads. Place equipment in a manner to avoid permanent deflection of deck.
6. Ensure all Federal, Provincial, State, and Local regulations are followed in application of this roof system. Store materials (rolls & liquids) on dunnage and not directly on the roof surface.
7. Follow instructions on product label and MSDS for proper storage & handling.
8. Avoid prolonged inhalation of vapors or contact with eyes and skin. See MSDS or label for instructions. **PROPERLY DISPOSE OF EMPTY CONTAINERS PROMPTLY AFTER USE.**
9. Deliver material in sufficient quantity to allow for continuity of work.
10. Select and operate material handling equipment so as not to damage existing construction or newly installed roofing.
11. Provide continuous water protective covering for all materials which require protection against the weather. Protect material from moisture with tarpaulin (not plastic.)

## System Qualifications

**Warranty:**

The standard allowable warranty length for Tremco TPA is determined by the attachment method and mil thickness of the membrane. Any deviation from these guidelines will require prior approval from the Regional Manager, Market Manager and/or Tremco Technical Manager and the warranty department.

		WARRANTY (YEARS)			
		MECHANICALLY ATTACHED	BALLASTED	ADHERED	HYBRID SYSTEM
<b>TPA</b>	45 MIL	15	15	20	N/A
	60 MIL	20	20	20	N/A
	80 MIL	20	20	20	N/A
<b>TPA FB</b>	45 MIL	N/A	N/A	20	20
	60 MIL	N/A	N/A	20	20
	80 MIL	N/A	N/A	20	20

\*N/A DENOTES NOT APPROVED SYSTEM

## Equipment Guidelines

### Hand Tools and Power Tools:

For Installation of Insulation and Roof Membrane:

To prevent work interruption, it is important to have all the necessary tools and equipment on the job-site when you begin. Depending on the specific job requirements, certain special equipment may be required, but the following basic equipment will be needed on all jobs for installation of the insulation and the roof membrane:

Equipment to handle materials:

- Scissors
- Utility Knives
- Nail Aprons
- #12 wire extension cords
- Variable speed drills and/or hammer drills
- 1/8" x 125' chalk line with blue chalk
- 100' and 20' tape measures
- Approved fasteners and stress plates
- Torque adjusting screw guns with bits to match fasteners
- Lumber crayons for marking seams
- Chalk box
- Wire brush for welder tip cleaning
- Hammers
- Screwdrivers
- Trowels and spreaders for mastic
- Caulking gun
- Brush/Roller
- Metal shears
- Power saw
- Hack saw/reciprocating saw
- Clean **white** cotton rags
- Approved cleaners or solvents Acetone, Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)
- Broom



**Hot air welding equipment:**

- Generator(s) - minimum of 220 volt, 30 amps, 7500 watts
- #10 power cord (up to 150') with 3-prong twist-lock plugs
- Extra plugs, male and female
- Element; 4500 watts
- Metric Allen wrenches, metric open end wrenches, screwdriver for adjusting automatic welder (40mm nozzle 40mm + 1.5")
- Wire brush for cleaning hot air nozzle
- Lumber crayon for marking seams
- Neoprene roller for seams
- Seam probe

## Application

### Inspection of Surfaces:

1. The general contractor and/or subcontractor shall be responsible for providing a smooth acceptable surface for the proper installation of the roof insulation membrane and specified components on all new construction projects.
2. The roofing contractor shall be responsible for the inspection of the deck surface as to suitability for roofing and notify the general contractor and architect / owner of any defects that require correction prior to roof application.
3. Retrofits require the removal of all loose aggregate (gravel) by power brooming and/or vacuuming. **Before performing a retrofit, a structural analysis and thermal scan should be performed. Any and all work should comply with local building codes.**
4. Examine surfaces for inadequate anchorage, low areas that will not drain properly, foreign material, ice, wet insulation, and unevenness or any other defect which would prevent the execution and quality application of the membrane roofing as specified.
5. Remove all asphalt, rust, paint and dirt at flashing areas and termination points where there will be direct contact with the membrane, mastic or sealant.
6. If the existing roof is coal tar pitch or has been repaired with cold tar pitch, a vapor retarder is required to prevent staining of the new membrane.
7. **DO NOT PROCEED WITH ANY PART OF THE APPLICATION UNTIL ALL DEFECTS AND PREPARATION WORK HAVE BEEN CORRECTED AND COMPLETED.**

**Wood Nailers:**

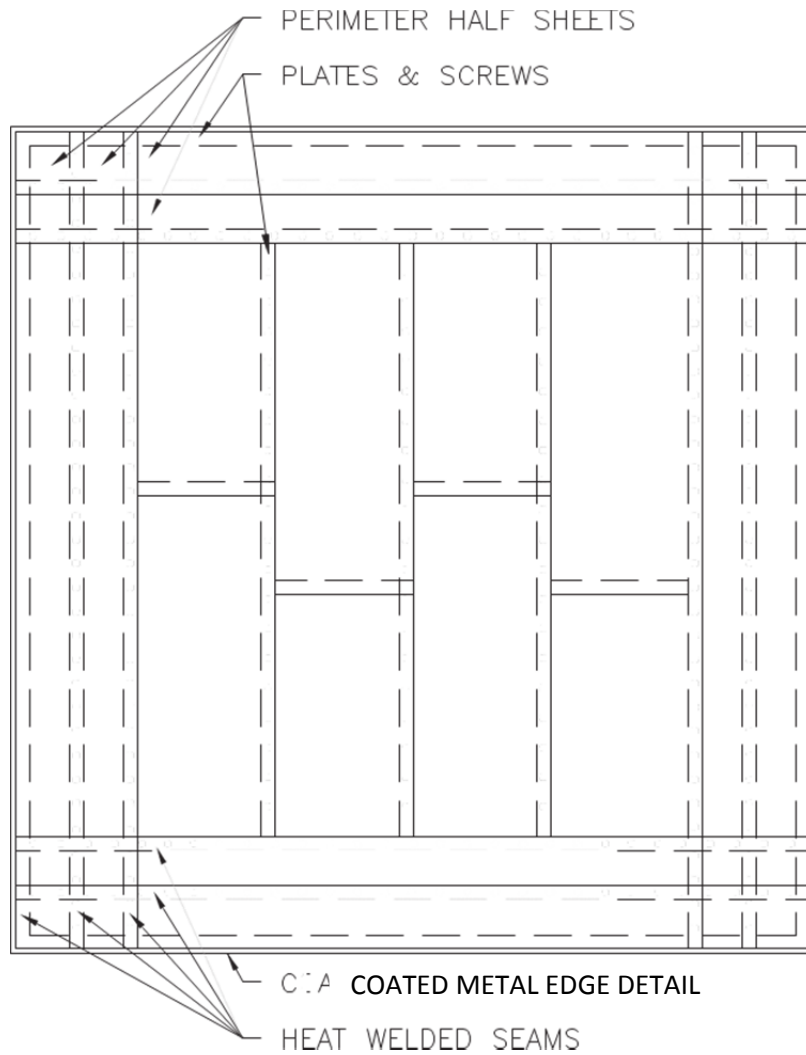
1. ACQ treated lumber, or equivalent, shall be used for all wood nailers and must conform to all Federal Standards / regulation.
  - a. Use hot-dip galvanized (ASTM A653 with a G90 or greater) or stainless steel fasteners.
  - b. Do no use electro-galvanized screws or nails.
2. Install treated lumber at the same height as the insulation layer. Wood nailers shall be installed at all perimeters and penetrations as shown in the approved details. The surface under wood nailers shall be FREE OF ALL GRAVEL and shall be as even as possible. Where wood nailers are installed directly on the substrate, the substrate shall be carefully examined to confirm that the entire area provides a suitable fastening surface. All defects shall be repaired by the appropriate trade prior to installation.
3. See fastener specification for approved fasteners and spacing.

**Installation of Insulation:**

1. Roof insulation shall be mechanically fastened or adhered in accordance with the roof insulation manufacturer's recommendations and must be approved by Tremco Inc. All insulation boards must be attached by a Factory Mutual/Tremco Inc. approved stress plate.
2. Install roof insulation in parallel courses with tightly butted (1/8" gaps or less) and staggered joints (minimum 6"). Boards must be cut accurately to fit neatly around all penetrations. Small pieces and scraps of insulation will not be allowed.
3. Install no more insulation than can be covered during the same working day.
4. Taper roof insulation to drain sumps using tapered edge strips. If insulation layer is 1 1/2" or less, taper 12" from the drain bowl. If insulation thickness exceeds 1 1/2", taper 18" from the drain bowl. Mechanically fasten all tapers using two fasteners per board.
5. At the end of each work day, provide a watertight cover (tarpaulin) on all unused insulation to avoid moisture penetration.
6. Follow recommendations in Tremco's insulation installation guide publication and fastener recommendation on next page.
7. If more than 3" of rigid insulation is being installed, it must be installed in 2 or more layers.
8. Refer to Tremco Inc.'s complete insulation instruction and requirements before proceeding with the installation.

### **Mechanically Attached Systems:**

1. For roof membrane fastening, stress plates shall be two inch (2 3/8") O.D. barbed round, G-90 hot dipped galvanized stress plates with a recessed .260" I.D. center hole as supplied by Tremco Inc. Fasteners shall be as listed on the current approved fastener specifications and as indicated on spec data sheet.
2. All stress plates must set completely on the membrane allowing a minimum of 1/2" in from the edge of the underlying membrane. Rolls are marked with an "X" for easy location of fastener placement.
3. Also allow a minimum of two inches from the edge of the stress plate to the edge of the overlap- ping membrane to allow sufficient room to apply the automatic welded field seam.
4. Insulation fasteners and stress plates shall be as listed on the current Approved Fastener Specifications and as indicated on the Request for Warranty form. In most cases, it is recommended that only plastic, locking stress plates be used for insulation fastener assemblies.
5. Ensure that the system is installed per Tremco Inc.'s recommendations or per Factory Mutual/3<sup>rd</sup> party testing lab requirements. If the fastening patterns are not specified within the project documents, contact the Tremco Field Representative or Tremco Technical Department for design criteria.
- 6. CONSULT THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS FOR APPROVED FASTENERS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.**
7. All field sheets incorporate 6" control lines for overlap and fastener placement.
8. Start at the low point of the roof and position a perimeter (39" or 991mm) roll of TPA roof membrane square with the roof edge. Avoid wrinkles. Reposition when necessary.
9. Mechanically attach underlying sheet at the lap to the structural deck with fasteners and 2 3/8" (60 mm) diameter barbed membrane plates spaced at 6" (153 mm) on center (or as specified) down the entire lap with the disc centered 1-1/8" (29 mm) from the sheet edge.
10. Overlap perimeter sheet at side lap: 4.5" (114 mm) minimum. Overlap at end lap: 3" (76 mm) minimum. Overlap field sheet 6" (153 mm) minimum. A minimum of two perimeter sheets shall be installed, parallel to all exterior roof perimeters, including parapet walls, expansion joints and other changes in the plane of the deck.



**Note:** Refer to specifications for fastener spacing. Perimeter width is based on building height and dimension. Refer to FM 1-29 for perimeter width calculation. Width of perimeter treatment shall be 10% of the building's narrowest width or 40% of the building eave height, whichever dimension is least. Tremco requires minimum 2 half width perimeter sheets.

### Fully Adhered Systems:

1. Surfaces receiving Bonding Adhesive must be clean, dry and free from oil, grease, or other contaminants.
2. Plan placement of the Roof Membrane System to insure that water will flow over or along, but not against, membrane laps or side laps. (*No back water seams*).
3. Mix Bonding Adhesive thoroughly before use.
4. Application to horizontal surfaces using Fleece Back Membrane:
  - a. Apply Bonding Adhesive to the substrate in full coverage and roll the membrane into place.
  - b. Application rate will vary based upon substrate porosity. Refer to spec data pages and Single Ply Adhesive Coverage Rates document for proper coverage rates.
5. **DO NOT ALLOW BONDING ADHESIVE TO FULLY DRY** before rolling membrane into adhesive. Roll the membrane, using a 75# membrane roller or equivalent, into the adhesive to remove wrinkles and assure positive contact with the substrate.
6. Minimize foot traffic on freshly applied fleece-back membrane until adhesive is fully cured. (Cure times will vary depending on ambient conditions)

#### Application to horizontal surfaces using TPA Non Fleece-Back Membrane **ONLY**:

1. Position TPA Non-Fleece Membrane in intended location and fold back onto membrane.
2. Apply specified bonding adhesive to both the substrate and back of the membrane.
3. Application rate will vary based upon substrate porosity. Refer to spec data pages and Single Ply Adhesive Coverage Rates document for proper coverage rates.
4. Allow adhesive to partially dry to a tacky feel when touched with the backside of a dry finger before bonding membrane to substrate.
5. **DO NOT ALLOW BONDING ADHESIVE TO FULLY DRY** before rolling membrane into adhesive. Roll the membrane, using a 75# membrane roller or equivalent, into the adhesive to remove wrinkles and assure positive contact with the substrate.

#### Application to vertical surfaces using Fleece Back and Non-Fleece Back Membrane:

1. Position FB Flashing membrane in intended location and fold back onto field of roof.

- a. Flashing shall extend six inches (6") (152 mm) onto the field of the roof from either the toe of the cant (when cants are specified) or the horizontal - vertical transition point, as appropriate.
2. While either Fleece or Non-Fleece membranes can be used as flashing membranes, Tremco Inc. recommends the use of non-fleece back as the preferred flashing membrane to assure proper overlap for heat welding of vertical and horizontal flashing laps.
3. Apply specified bonding adhesive to the back side of the flashing membrane and on the substrate (substrate only for fleece-back membrane) in a full coverage and allow adhesive to partially dry to touch.
4. Application rate will vary based upon substrate porosity. Refer to spec data pages and Single Ply Adhesive Coverage Rates document for proper coverage rates.
5. Place the flashing membrane onto the vertical surface and pressure roll to assure positive contact.
6. Do not allow bonding adhesive to contaminate lap areas. Remove adhesive from lap area with an approved solvent.
7. Heat weld overlap seams of flashing membrane to field membrane.
8. Heat weld vertical flashing laps.
  - a. If using fleece-back flashing membrane: butt ends of flashing membrane and heat weld a cover strip (6" min.) over the flashing end lap.

**Hot Asphalt Application Using TPA FB Only:**

1. Temperature of asphalt at point of application for membrane installation shall be EVT or 400° F, whichever is greater.
2. Adhesive application rate is 25 lbs per 100 square feet (1.25 kg per square meter).
3. Acceptable hot-melt adhesives include THERMastic 80, Premium III or Premium IV, or Type III or Type IV asphalt.
4. Surfaces to receive hot asphalt adhesive must be clean, dry and free from oil, grease, or other contaminants.
5. **Lap areas of membrane must remain free of asphalt or similar products and must be clean before welding. If an area of the lap has become contaminated, that area of the lap must be covered with a 6" wide strip of TPA to ensure lap area is properly seamed.**



6. Plan placement of the TPA FB roof membrane system to insure that water will flow over or along, but not against, membrane laps or side laps. (No back water seams).
7. Application of horizontal surfaces:
  - a. Apply specified hot asphalt adhesive to the substrate in full coverage.
  - b. Asphalt products can be applied with a chain mop or by hand mopping. The asphalt must be applied at required temperature range to ensure proper adhesion.
  - c. Membrane is to be rolled into the adhesive immediately, avoiding the possibility of the asphalt cooling below desired temperature range.
  - d. Roll the membrane immediately, using a 75# membrane roller or equivalent, into the adhesive to remove wrinkles and assure positive contact with the substrate.
  - e. Keep foot and machine traffic off of membrane until asphalt has cooled.

**Ballasted TPA System:**

1. Mechanically attach or adhere the membrane in the perimeter areas, using the required number of perimeter rolls, as determined.
2. Unless otherwise specified, minimum ballast coverage is 1000 lbs/SQ, using ASTM D 448-98, number 4, 3/4" to 1 1/2" (19mm to 28mm). Gravel ballast shall be smooth, water worn, with rounded edges and corners.
3. During installation of ballast, do not create piles on the roof deck.

**STAGGERED END LAP DETAIL:**

1. Offset staggered end laps a minimum of 5' (1.5 meters). Overlap the previous course of field membrane a minimum of 2" (51 mm).
2. TPA FB Membrane: heat weld lap.
3. All surfaces must be clean and dry.
4. For heat welding, allow the hot air welder to warm up. Insert the nozzle tip of the hot air welder into the seam area. Move nozzle at a steady speed along the seam area, immediately applying pressure behind the air nozzle with a neoprene roller or weighted wheel to ensure positive contact of the heated TPA FB Roof Membrane lap.
5. Minimum width of all welded lap shall be 1.5" (38 mm).
6. TPA FB Membrane: center TPA cover strip over the overlap area. Heat weld cover strip at lap area.

7. Field test heat welded laps to assure proper construction. Perform field test after lap area cools to ambient temperatures. Properly constructed laps will not separate at the lap interface when tested.

**CONTINUOUS END LAP DETAIL:**

1. Overlap the previous membrane course of field membrane a minimum of 2" (51 mm).
2. TPA FB Membrane: heat weld lap.
  - a. All surfaces must be clean and dry.
  - b. For heat welding, allow the hot air welder to warm up. Insert the nozzle tip of the hot air welder into the seam area. Move nozzle at a steady speed along the seam area, immediately applying pressure behind the air nozzle with a neoprene roller or weighted wheel to ensure positive contact of the heated TPA Roof Membrane lap.
    - i. Minimum width of all welded lap shall be 1.5" (38 mm).
3. TPA FB Membrane: center TPA cover strip over the overlap area. Heat weld cover strip at lap area.
4. Field test heat welded laps to assure proper construction. Perform field test after lap area cools to ambient temperatures. Properly constructed laps will not separate at the lap interface when tested.

**Welding:**

1. All field seams exceeding 10' in length shall be welded with an approved automatic welder.
2. All field seams must be clean and dry prior to initiating any field welding.
3. Remove foreign materials from the seams (dirt, oils, etc.) with Acetone or approved alternative. Use **CLEAN WHITE COTTON CLOTHS** and allow approximately five minutes for solvents to dissipate before initiating the automatic welder.
4. All welding shall be performed only by qualified personnel to ensure the continuity of the weld.
5. All furnished seams shall exhibit a homogeneous bond a minimum of 1.5" in width.

**NOTE:** The high temperatures generated by automatic and hand welding can cause injury. Care should be taken to avoid personal contact with the welder tips, generated hot air and weld sites along the seam until they are cooled.

Field test welded laps to assure proper construction. Perform field test after lap area cools to ambient temperatures. Properly welded laps will tear to expose the reinforcing scrim. If laps separate at the membrane to membrane interface, the welding temperatures are likely not hot enough.

**AUTOMATIC WELDING TIPS:**

- Always make test welds to ensure proper tip alignment, heat setting and speed of thermal unit before starting field welding. The roof membrane must be clean and dry to insure a proper weld. An acceptable weld exists when the top sheet will not separate from the bottom sheet without substrate destruction.
- Remember that changes in weather and air temperature may require a change in temperature and / or setting on the welder.
- Always watch to make sure a small bead is flowing from the edge of the membrane beneath the press wheel while welding.
- Align and guide the thermal welder to make sure the press wheel does not drift over the edge of the top membrane. Ensure that the edge of the top membrane does not creep up the inside shoulder of the welder nozzle.

- To prevent excessive weld distortion, allow 6" from the end of the roll to the point where the thermal unit is either started or stopped. Mark the area with a lumber crayon so it will be welded by hand welding unit.
- Each time the welder tip is disengaged, be sure to clean it with a wire brush.

**WELDER CHECKLIST AND ADJUSTMENT:**

- Perform the following steps prior to each day's welding:
- Check for proper power supply
- Check gears and drive belt
- Make sure drive wheel is tight
- Make sure press wheel is free-wheeling
- Tip placement: 40 mm back from center of press wheel
- Locked 1/8" above membrane, all the way inserted
- **MAKE WELD TESTS EACH DAY!**

**TROUBLE SHOOTING THE AUTOMATIC WELDER:**

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Cause/Solution</b>
<b>Scorching and / or charring</b>	<b>Cause:</b> excessive heat, voltage fluctuation
	<b>Solution:</b> decrease temperature or increase speed of unit, check your power source.
<b>Cold or Spotty Weld</b>	<b>Cause:</b> insufficient heat, bad heating element, voltage fluctuation.
	<b>Solution:</b> increase temperature or decrease speed, replace element, check power source.
<b>Scarring along seam edge</b>	<b>Cause:</b> tip dragging or out of alignment
	<b>Solution:</b> remove welder and realign tip
<b>Pleating of the seam</b>	<b>Cause:</b> membrane not installed snug, press wheel not free-wheeling
	<b>Solution:</b> free press wheel, pull slack out of membrane
<b>Membrane collecting on weld wheel</b>	<b>Cause:</b> tip out of alignment, excessive heat, unit drifting
	<b>Solution:</b> realign tip, adjust temperature, hold the unit to steady course
<b>Unit pulsating</b>	<b>Cause:</b> insufficient power, voltage fluctuation, generator overload
	<b>Solution:</b> increase power or decrease cord length, increase size of generator
<b>Unit Jerking</b>	<b>Cause:</b> worn drive gears or belt, loose drive wheel
	<b>Solution:</b> replace worn parts, tighten drive wheel
<b>Dead Unit</b>	<b>Cause:</b> loss of power, damaged unit
	<b>Solution:</b> check all power connections, return unit to manufacturer for servicing

## Flashings and Details

### FLASHING – (MEMBRANE):

Clean all vents, pipes, conduits, walls and stacks to bare metal. All protrusions must be properly secured to the roof deck. Remove and properly discard all lead, pipe and drain flashings. Flash all penetrations according to approved details.

1. Remove all cant strips and loose wall flashings.
  - a. Cant strips are not required for Tremco Thermoplastic membranes, but are acceptable for use.
2. Flash all curbs, parapets and interior walls in strict accordance with approved Details.
3. Tremco Inc. recommends the use of non-fleece back as the preferred flashing membrane.
4. All flashing shall be totally adhered to approved substrate with Bonding Adhesive or White Sheeting Bond applied in sufficient quantity to ensure total adhesion. If flashing is carried over the top of a parapet, it is recommended that the top of the parapet receive a coat of mastic or an air seal to prevent wind from traveling beneath the membrane and potentially billowing the flashing.
5. The base of all membrane flashing shall extend out on to the plane of the deck, beyond the wood nailer to a maximum width of 8”.
6. Vertical flashing shall be terminated no less than 8” above the plane of the deck with approved termination bar or metal cap flashing.
7. Vertical wall flashing terminations **shall not exceed 30”** without additional parallel horizontal rows of termination bars between the deck and the termination point of the flashing. Spacing between horizontal rows **shall not exceed 24”**.

**Acceptable Wall Flashing Adhesives:**

**White Sheeting Bond / Bonding Adhesive**

Coverage will vary depending on the surface porosity. Review current data page for specified coverage rate. Bonding Adhesive must be applied in full coverage to both the vertical substrate and back side of flashing membrane. White sheeting bond, TPA Bonding Adhesive and TPA/LV Bonding Adhesive may be used for wall flashing

**Sheeting Bond coverage will vary depending on substrate porosity.**

For wood surfaces: 45-50 sq. ft. per gallon

For concrete and brick: 35-40 sq. ft. per gallon

**Bonding Adhesive coverage will vary depending on substrate porosity.**

For wood surfaces: 50-60 sq. ft. per gallon/per side

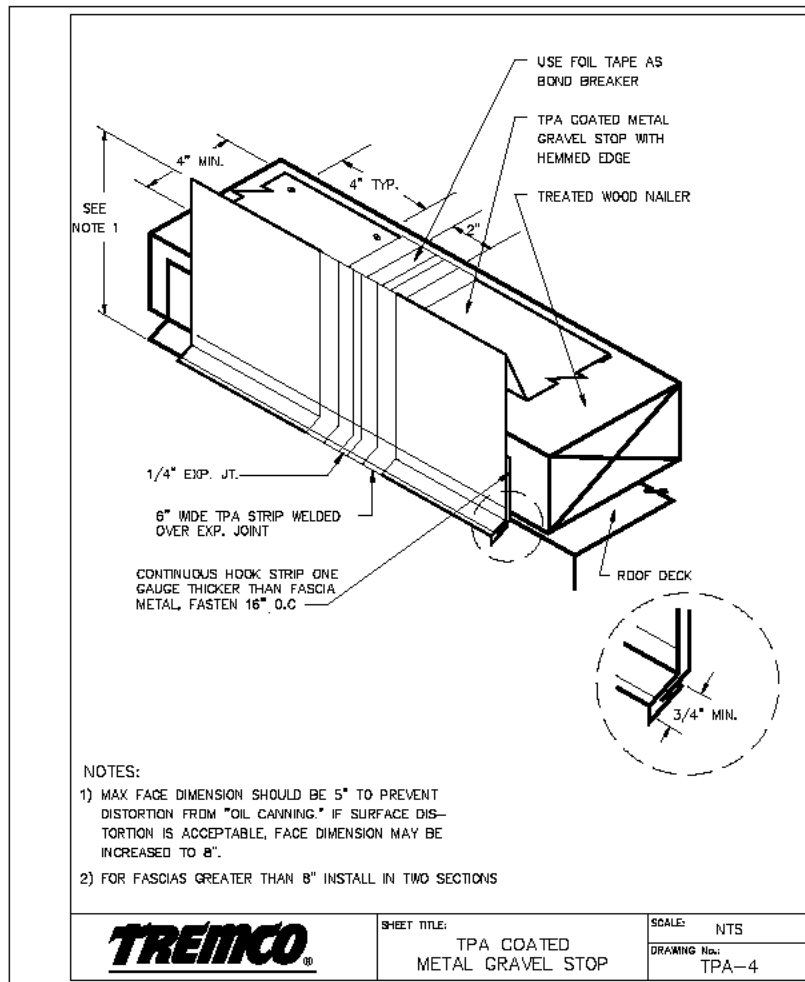
For concrete surfaces: 40-50 sq. ft. per gallon/per side

\* Refer to Spec Data's for specific coverage rates.

## FLASHING (METAL):

Thermoplastic coated metal is supplied in 4' x 10' pieces, 24 ga. galvanized with 20 mil Thermoplastic laminated face.

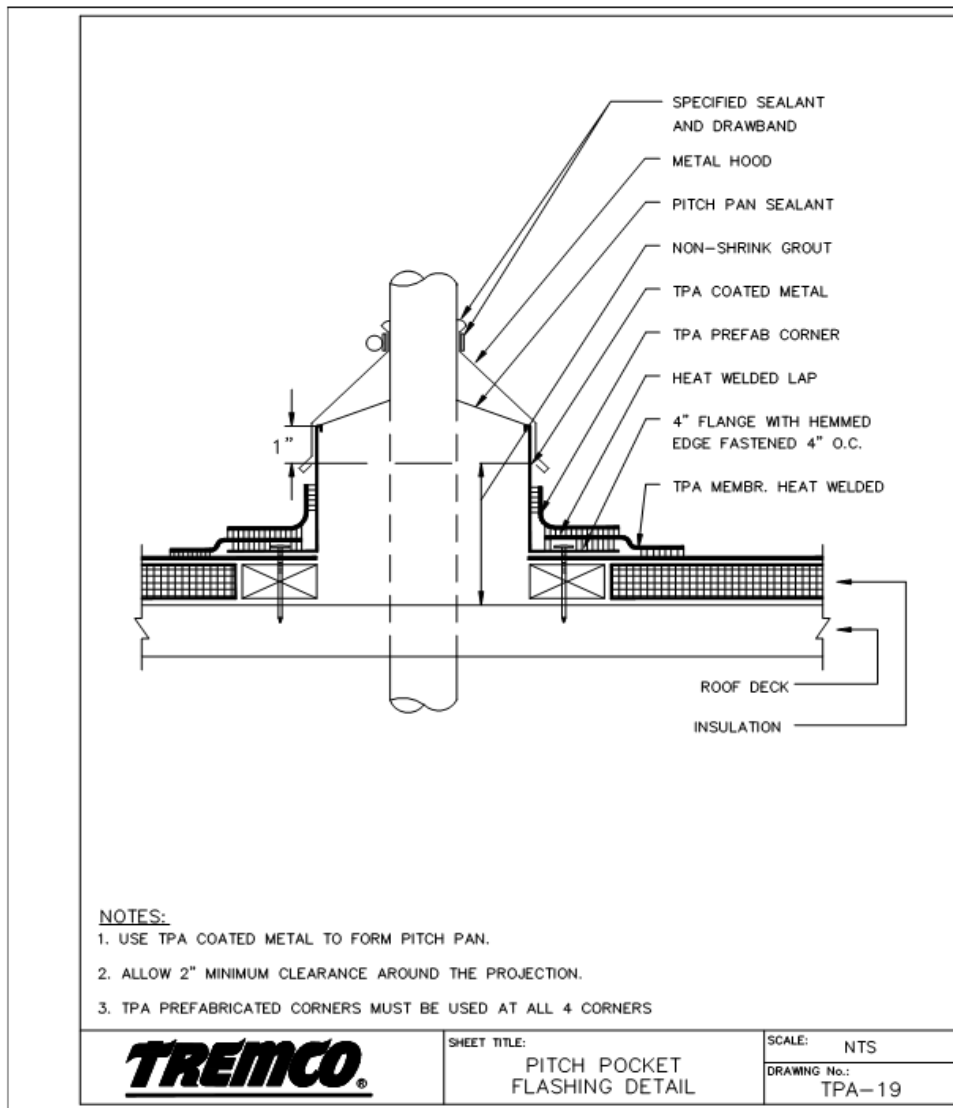
1. All perimeter edge details are to be fabricated from Coated Metal or an approved two- piece locking metal fascia.
2. **Ensure all fascias are 4" lower than the bottom of the wood nailers.**
3. All flanged metal flashings must be fabricated from Coated Metal.
4. Always maintain a minimum 1/4" gap between metal joints to allow for expansion and contraction. Apply foil tape to joint to act as a bond breaker.
5. Use 6" wide membrane strip welded over 1/4" gap between metal joints. This strip should be attached to wood nailer and allowed to be long enough to extend up face and across flange.





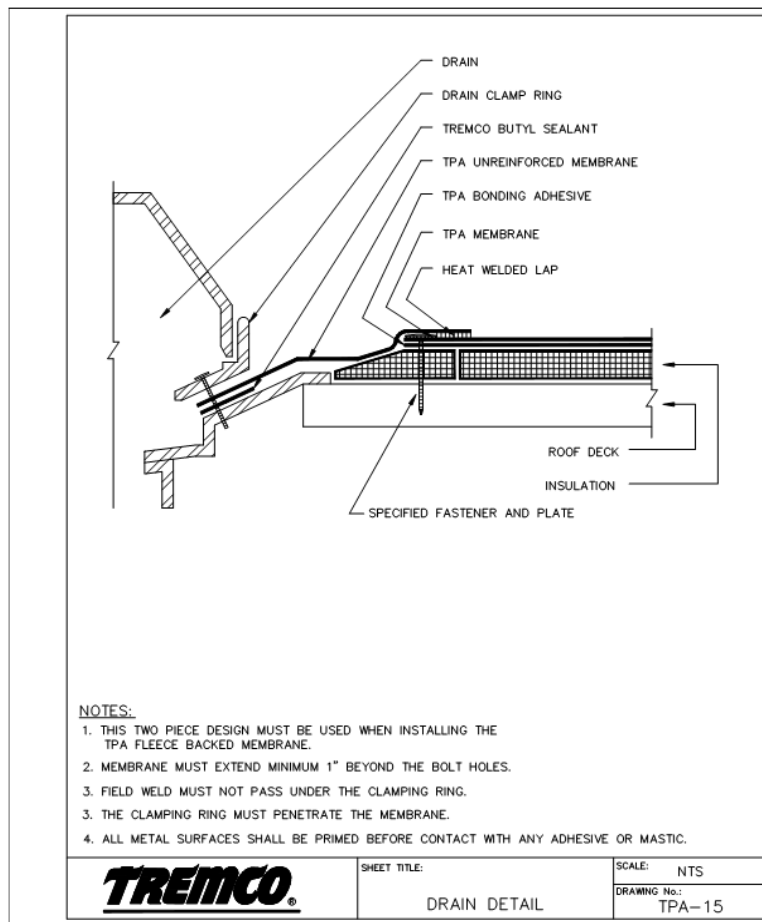
**PITCH PANS:**

1. Every effort shall be made to eliminate the need for pitch pans, including the removal of existing pans. Contact your local representative for specific design recommendations.
2. In the event of no viable alternative, fabricate pitch pans from TPA coated Metal and install pitch pans in strict accordance with Tremco Thermoplastic Membrane details ensuring proper attachment, maintaining a minimum 2" clearance around the penetration, with proper depth of sealant.

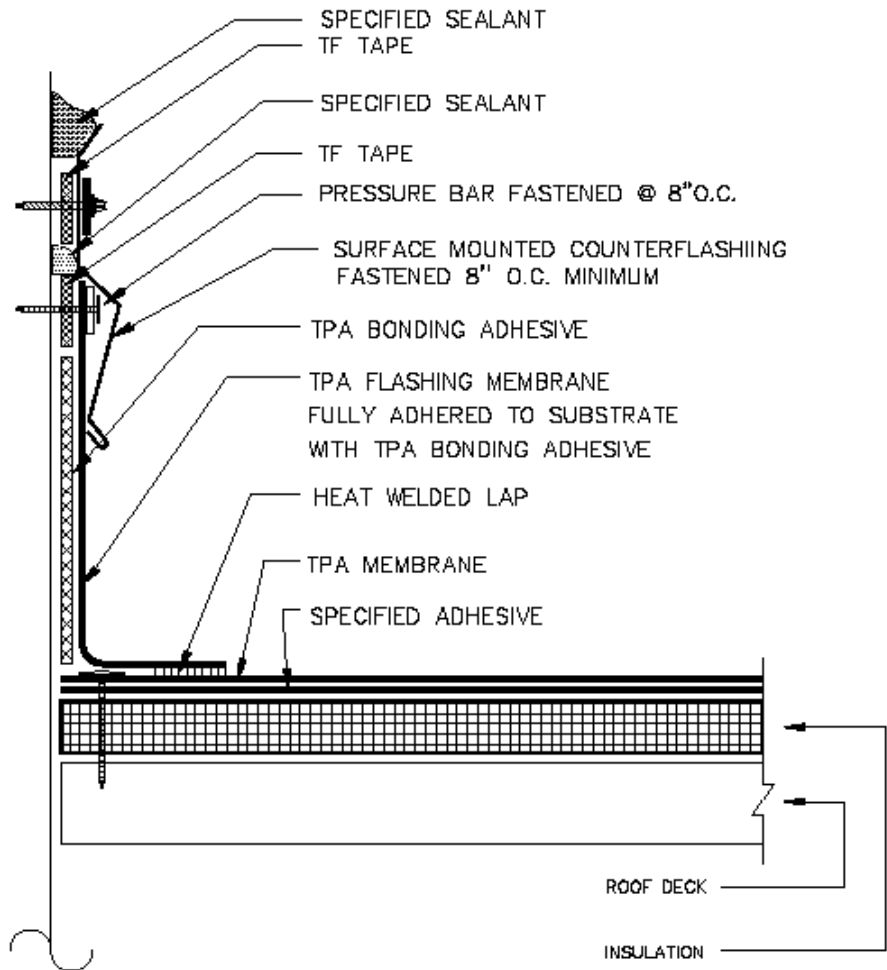


## ROOF DRAINS:

1. Flash all roof drains in strict accordance with roof drain detail. Replace any worn drain parts that may cut the roofing membrane or prevent a watertight seal. Replace all drain bolts or clamps holding the clamping ring to the drain basin. Ensure all drain basins are free of debris prior to leaving the roof after each day. Replace all broken drain domes.
2. All drains must have approved clamping rings.
3. Un-reinforced Flashing Membrane must be used as a target flashing on the TPA FB membrane.
4. If a single width of unreinforced membrane is not wide enough to extend 6" passed the drain bowl, switch to non-fleece-back material for drain target.
5. A field weld must not pass under clamping ring.



### Typical Wall Flashing Detail

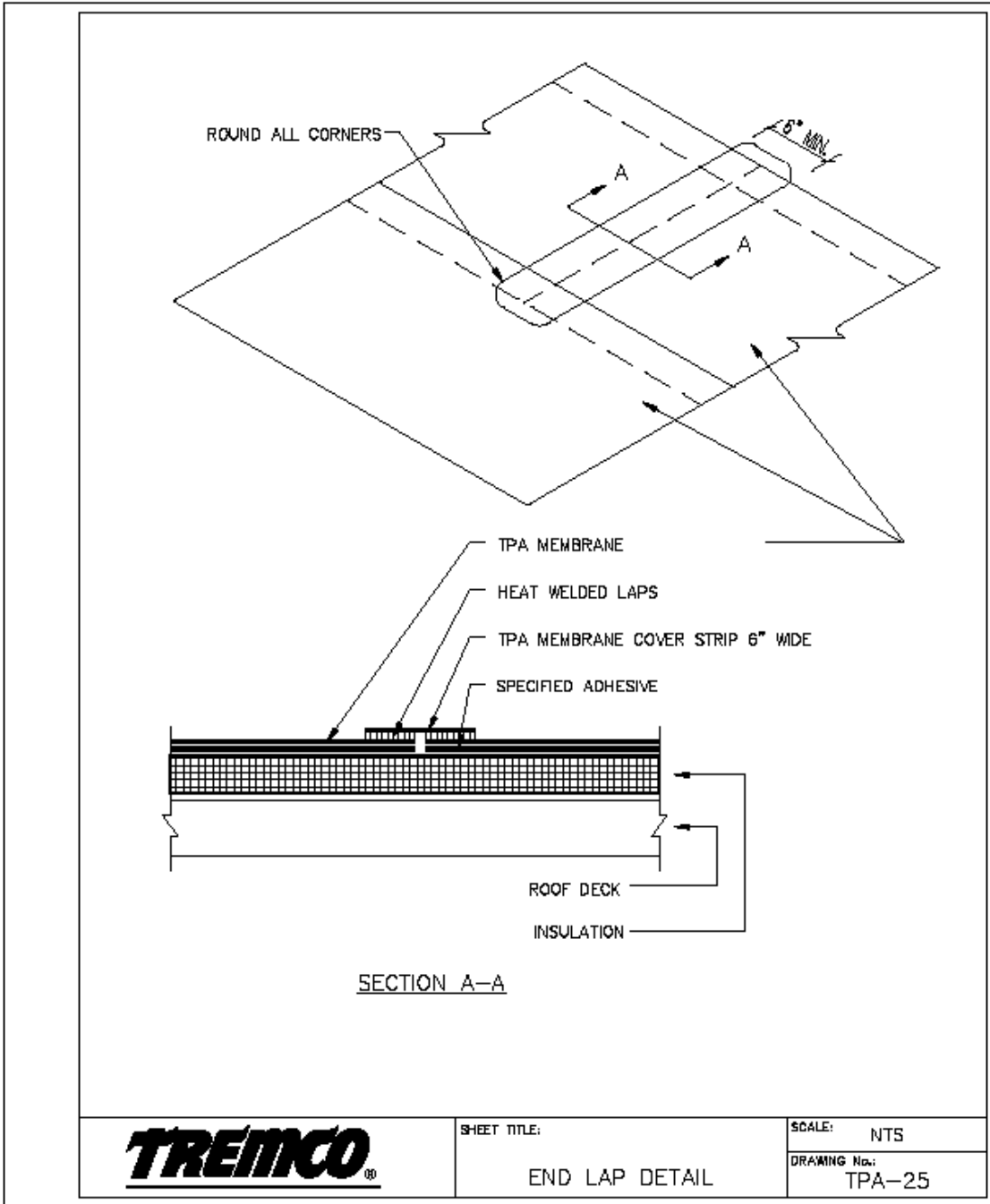


**TREINCO**®

SHEET TITLE:  
WALL FLASHING FOR  
CONCRETE WALLS AND PARAPETS

SCALE: NTS  
DRAWING No.: TPA-8

### Typical End Lap Detail



## Inspections and Repairs

### INSTALLATION OF MEMBRANE:

- It will be the responsibility of the roofing contractor to initiate a Q.C. program to govern all aspects of the installation of the new roof.
- The job foreman and the Tremco supervisor will be responsible for the daily execution of the Q.C. program which will include, but is not limited to, the inspection of all heat welding.
- If inconsistencies in the quality of the welds are found, all work shall cease until corrective actions are taken to ensure the continuity of all field welds.

### TEMPORARY SEALS:

- At the end of each working day or the sign of rain, install a temporary watertight seal where the exposed edge of the completed new roofing terminates at the uncovered deck or old, existing roof surface.
- If the old roof surface is covered with slag, spud back 6" from where the membrane will be fastened to the deck. Use a sufficient sized strip of TPA / TPO membrane to bridge the new membrane and the roof deck.
- If using TPA membrane, the strip must be welded to the new roofing membrane and cemented to the cleaned roof deck.
- Prior to the commencement of work, remove all temporary seals if they will cause water damage and any exposed roof cement if used. **(DO NOT TRACK ROOF MASTICSOR ASPHALT BASED PRODUCTS ONTO THE TPA ROOFING MEMBRANE).**

**INSPECTION:**

The following pages describe areas that will attract the attention of the Tremco Technical Representative during the warranty final inspection. Checking for proper welds and compliance with the job specifications will be their major concern. In general, they will be examining the roof to ensure that the contractor has executed the workmanship required to ensure the longevity of the system – not only for the full term of the warranty coverage but also for as many years as the system has the potential to provide. Unless the roof is “100%,” warranty must be withheld until all errors are corrected.

**Cleaning:**

1. Remove all heavy debris and clear drains and scuppers. Ensure that all drains and downspouts are clear.
2. Using a 2,500 PSI power washer, with or without a rotating head, wash all areas to loosen and remove dirt from the surface of the membrane.
3. If dirt still resides on the surface of the roof, use a mild, biodegradable detergent and scrub pads to further loosen the dirt and lift it from the TPA surface. Ensure that the detergent used complies with local codes and that, if run-off is prohibited, that the water is captured and properly disposed of.
4. If detergent is used, rinse the surface of the roof to remove residual detergent. Again, ensure that all runoff has been captured if necessary in your area.
5. For areas that may still have residual and hard to remove contaminants on the surface, wipe areas with acetone and **WHITE RAGS ONLY**, then rinse.