# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

**Product identifier DIAMOND® Veneer Finish Plaster** 

Other means of identification

SDS number 53000010003

Construction Plaster. **Synonyms** 

Recommended use Interior use.

**Recommended restrictions** Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name United States Gypsum Company

**Address** 550 West Adams Street

Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637

1-800-874-4968 Telephone Website www.usg.com **Emergency phone number** 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Not classified.

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 **Health hazards** 

> Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Danger Signal word

**Hazard statement** Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. May cause damage to

organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective

gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in Response

eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get

Category 2 (Lungs)

medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage** Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

**DIAMOND®** Veneer Finish Plaster SDS US 1/8

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Chemical name	CAS number		
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1)	26499-65-0	> 80	
Dolomitic hydroxide	39445-23-3	< 20	
mpurities			
Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7 < 1.5		

**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight.

Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is <1.5%. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica during the normal use of this product must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

### 4. First-aid measures

Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move Inhalation

injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or Skin contact

persists.

Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical Eye contact

attention immediately.

Plaster of Paris hardens and if ingested may result in stomach and intestinal blockage. Drinking Ingestion

gelatin solutions or large volumes of water may delay setting. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

Skin irritation. Severe eye irritation. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved. Show this safety data sheet

to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in

case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methods

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. General fire hazards

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Vacuum up the spilled material. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Containers must be labeled. Collect in approved containers and seal securely. For waste

disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems. **Environmental precautions** 

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## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Minimize dust production when mixing, sanding, or opening and closing bags. Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good

industrial hygiene practices and use appropriate lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Avoid contact with acids, water, and moisture.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulmpurities	lated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)  Type	Value	
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits f	or Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Type	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR	<b>1910.1000</b> )		
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit	Values		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingre-	dient(s).	
ropriate engineering trols	Provide sufficient ventilation for operations caus exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposur		bserve occupational

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.

Skin protection

Other Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

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918244 Version #: 02 Revision date: 20-May-2019 Issue date: 03-February-2014 Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

> limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator

if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards None.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment separately from regular wash. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Solid. Physical state Powder. **Form** 

White to off-white. Color Low to no odor. Odor **Odor threshold** Not applicable.

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Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable.

range

Flash point Not applicable. Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not applicable. Vapor pressure Not applicable. Vapor density Not applicable.

Relative density Solubility(ies)

> 0.15-0.40 g/100g (H2O) Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not applicable.

2.4 - 2.8 (H2O=1)

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not applicable. 2642 °F (1450 °C) **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not applicable.

Other information

**Bulk density** 45 - 55 lb/ft3 **Explosive properties** Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

VOC 0 %

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Contact with incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture. When mixed with water this product Conditions to avoid

can become very hot. Encasing or making moulds of any body part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even amputation of encased body part.

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Acids. Crystalline silica in contact with powerful oxidizing agents, such as fluorine, chlorine Incompatible materials

trifluoride and oxygen difluoride, may cause fires. Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid

and produce a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Calcium oxides. Sulfur oxides. Magnesium oxides.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause severe respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged and repeated exposure

to airborne respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis and/or lung cancer.

Causes skin irritation. May be corrosive (causing chemical burns) to eyes and skin when in Skin contact

contact with water.

Eve contact Causes severe irritation and burning of the eyes, may cause permanent damage.

May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Skin irritation. Severe eye irritation. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause

chronic effects.

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic. Contact may cause serious skin and eye damage that can be

permanent; ingestion can cause burns in mouth, esophagus and stomach.

Causes skin irritation. May be corrosive (causing chemical burns) to eyes and skin when in contact Skin corrosion/irritation

with water.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Can cause severe eye damage that may be irreversible.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization Not a skin sensitizer. Plaster of Paris has displayed little sensitization potential.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Repeated and prolonged exposures to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause

cancer

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Reproductive toxicity Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Test data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May damage lung tissue through repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable

crystalline silica particles.

**Aspiration hazard** Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to

the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of

scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be

monitored and controlled.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the

environment.

**DIAMOND®** Veneer Finish Plaster SDS US Components Species Test Results

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

**Aquatic** 

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 1970 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** Calcium sulfate dissolves in water forming calcium and sulfate ions.

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects None expected.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated packaging** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations**This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer

lung effects

immune system effects

kidney effects

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** 

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Skin corrosion or irritation

categories Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Classified hazard

Not regulated.

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#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

#### US state regulations

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: This product can expose you to Crystalline silica (Quartz), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Dolomitic hydroxide (CAS 39445-23-3)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region On inventory (yes/no)\* Inventory name Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) No Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Yes United States & Puerto Rico Yes Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-February-2014 **Revision date** 20-May-2019

Version #

**Further information** Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product may contain respirable crystalline silica. Actual

levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung

cancer.

Plaster of Paris: Is classified as a hazardous substance but is generally considered a safe material for routine use. When plaster of Paris is used responsibly it is not considered as a dangerous material. However, when mixed with water this product can become very hot. DO NOT attempt to make a cast enclosing any part of the body. Encasing any body part can cause serious burns and even amputation of the encased body part.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

**DIAMOND®** Veneer Finish Plaster SDS US Issue date: 03-February-2014

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

# **NFPA** ratings



### Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

DIAMOND® Veneer Finish Plaster SDS US