

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Website

Product identifier	SHEETROCK® Brand Glass-Mat Liner Panels		
Other means of identification			
SDS number	5400004001		
Synonyms	Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard		
Recommended use	Interior use.		
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.		
Manufacturer / Importer / Supplie	er / Distributor information		
Company name	United States Gypsum Company		
Address	550 West Adams Street		
	Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637		
Telephone	1-800-874-4968		

www.usg.com 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Emergency phone number

Physical hazards Health hazards OSHA defined hazards	Not classified. Not classified. Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	None.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.
Storage	Store as indicated in Section 7.
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures			
Chemical name	CAS num	nber	%
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-4	13397-24	4-5	≥ 85
Continuous filament glass	fiber 65997-1	7-3	< 5
Sodium pyrithione	3811-73	3-2	< 0.25
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is	a gas.	
4. First-aid measures	The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respira 0.56 percent by weight, depending on source, as indicated by b hygiene laboratory testing using both personal and area sampli respirable crystalline silica when cutting the product by "score a saw. Good work practices which minimize the extent of dust ger actual employee exposure must be determined by workplace in	oulk sampling ng measured and snap," rota neration shou	methods. Indu: I no detectable ary saw, or circuuld be followed,
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Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not applicable.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.
	Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.
Conditions for safe storage,	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product

including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Respirable fibers (length > 5 µm & aspect ratio ≥ 3:1)
		5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
US NIOSH Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards: Recommended exp	osure limit (REL)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
,		10 mg/m3	Total
Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA	3 fibers/cm3	Respirable fibers (≤ 3.5 µm in diameter & ≥ 10 µr in length)
		5 mg/m3	Fiber, total
logical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for t	the ingredient(s).	
propriate engineering trols	Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure.		
vidual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipmen	nt	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.		
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.		
Thermal hazards	None.		
eral hygiene siderations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the materi and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Paper faced with gypsum core.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Panel.
Color	Gray to off-white.
Odor	Low to no odor.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.
рН	6 - 8
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	0.26 g/100 g (H2O)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	2642 °F (1450 °C)
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	48 lb/ft ³
Particle size	Varies.
VOC (Weight %)	0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

•	•			
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.			
Inhalation	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).			
Skin contact	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).			
Eye contact	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation (1).			
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.			
Information on toxicological effe	cts			
Acute toxicity	Low hazard.			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant.			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation.			
Respiratory sensitization	No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.			
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer (2).			
Germ cell mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5).			
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6).			
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity				
Continuous filament glass NTP Report on Carcinogens	fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
Continuous filament glass				
Reproductive toxicity	No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).			

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not toxic to lung tissue.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not toxic to lung tissue (6).
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Further information	Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.			
Components	Species Test Results			
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (al	Iternative CAS	10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)		
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promela	s) > 1970 mg/l, 96 hours	
Persistence and degradability		ble for the salt of inorganic compounds. Ca chemical degradation.	lcium sulfate dissolves in water without	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumu	lation is not expected.		
Mobility in soil		Ifate has a low potential for adsorption to so and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate	bil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and the subsoil (7).	
Other adverse effects	None expe	cted.		

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

IMDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not hazardous according to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.	

Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List		
Not regulated.			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	n 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)		
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Not regulated.		
US state regulations	This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of Cali defects or other reproductive harm.	ifornia to cause cancer, birth	
US. Massachusetts RT	K - Substance List		
US. New Jersey Worke	/drate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5) r and Community Right-to-Know Act		
Not regulated.	- Hazardous Substances		
•	/drate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)		
US. Rhode Island RTK			
Not regulated.			
US. California Proposition	65		
US - California Propos Not listed.	ition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed subs	stance	
International Inventories			
Country(s) or region United States & Puerto Rico	Inventory name Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	On inventory (yes/no) * Yes	
*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).			

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	19-December-2013
	24-March-2017
Revision date	
Version #	02
Further information	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized continuous filament glass fibers as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC as insufficient to classify continuous filament glass fiber as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material.
	The ACGIH has established a TLV (Threshold Limit Value or recommended exposure limit) for continuous filament glass fiber of 1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air for respirable fibers and 5 mg per cubic meter of air for inhalable glass fiber dust. These levels were established to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper airways. IARC, NTP (US National Toxicology Program) and OSHA (US Occupational Safety and Health Administration) do not list continuous filament glass fibers as a carcinogen.
	As manufactured, continuous filament glass fibers in this product are not respirable. Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be glass shards.
	NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe
NFPA Ratings	

List of abbreviationsNFPA: National Fire Protection Association.References1. US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB).
2. Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental
Research (NIER).
3. Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271.
4. Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205.
5. Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350.
6. Clouter et al. (1998). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14.
7. Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.DisclaimerThis information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This
information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard

workers and the environment.